



# User Manual

for S6 Series Hybrid Inverter



## Applicable models

S6-EH3P29.9K-H(21A)  
S6-EH3P30K-H(21A)  
S6-EH3P37.5K-H(21A)  
S6-EH3P40K-H(21A)  
S6-EH3P49K-H(21A)  
S6-EH3P50K-H(21A)  
S6-EH3P60K-H(21A)  
S6-EH3P30K-H-LV(21A)  
S6-EH3P35K-H-LV(21A)

## Applicable System

Three phase system

# Important Notes

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- Due to the product development, the product specifications and functions are subject to change. The latest manual can be acquired via <https://www.ginlong.com/global>. Every attempt has been made to make this document complete, accurate and up-to-date. Individuals reviewing this document and installers or service personnel are cautioned, however, that Solis reserves the right to make changes without notice and shall not be responsible for any damages, including indirect, incidental or consequential damages caused by reliance on the material presented including, but not limited to, omissions, typographical errors, arithmetical errors or listing errors in the material provided in this document.
- Solis accepts no liability for customers' failure to comply with the instructions for correct installation and will not be held responsible for upstream or downstream systems Solis equipment has supplied.
- Please notice: The system installed as required by Solis, the warranty is only effective for Solis inverter, and other accessories are not guaranteed by Sols warranty.
- The customer is fully liable for any modifications made to the system; therefore, any hardware or software modification, manipulation, or alteration not expressly approved by the manufacturer shall result in the immediate cancellation of the warranty.
- Given the countless possible system configurations and installation environments, it is essential to verify adherence to the following:
  - There is sufficient space suitable for housing the equipment.
  - Airborne noise produced depending on the environment.
  - Potential flammability hazards.
  - Solis will not be held liable for defects or malfunctions arising from:
    - Improper use of the equipment.
    - Deterioration resulting from transportation or particular environmental conditions.
    - Performing maintenance incorrectly or not at all.
    - Tampering or unsafe repairs.
    - Use or installation by unqualified persons.
  - This product contains lethal voltages and should be installed by qualified electrical or service personnel having experience with lethal voltages.

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## 1.1 Product Overview

The Solis series is designed for commercial hybrid systems.

The inverter can work with maximize self-consumption and provide backup power if the grid fails and there is not enough PV power to cover load demand.

The Solis S6 series consists of the following inverter models:

S6-EH3P29.9K-H(21A)

S6-EH3P30K-H(21A)

S6-EH3P37.5K-H(21A)(Only available for Brazil)

S6-EH3P40K-H(21A)

S6-EH3P50K-H(21A)

S6-EH3P60K-H(21A)

S6-EH3P30K-H-LV(21A)(Only available for LV grid)

S6-EH3P35K-H-LV(21A)(Only available for LV grid)



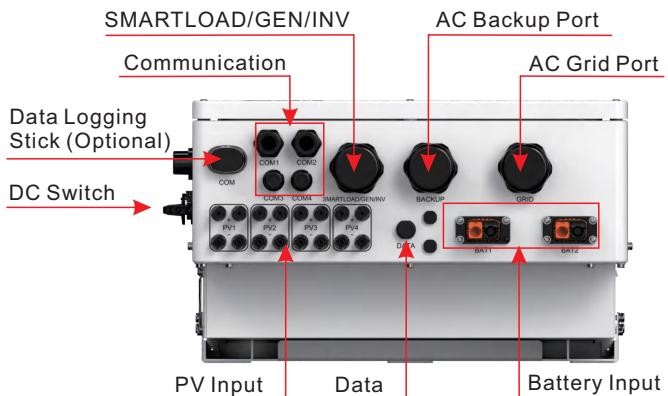
### NOTE

This product supports the AFCI function that meets the INMETRO Ordinance No. 515 regulation. By default the AFCI function is disabled, please refer to the manual to enable the AFCI function.



Figure 1.1 Front side view

## 1.2 Inverter Wire Box and Connection Points



Name	Description
1. DC Switch	This is the DC disconnect switch for the PV
2. COM	Solis data logger gets connected here-only USB version of the loggers will work
3. COM1	RS485 and CAN communication cables and parallel cables should go through these
4. COM2	RS485 and CAN communication cables and parallel cables should go through these
5. COM3	Communication cables for 14PIN terminal block should go through these
6. COM4	Communication cables for 14PIN terminal block should go through these
7. SMARTLOAD/GEN/INV	Conduit for AC conductors to generator should be connected here
8. Backup	Conduit for AC conductors to backup loads panel should be connected here
9. Grid	Conduit for AC conductors to the main service panel should be connected here
10. PV Module Input	Conduit for PV conductors should be connected here
11. Battery Connection	Conduit for Battery conductors should be connected here
12. DATA	Extends the range of the inverter GPRS signal (Not applicable to the USA, Australia, Europe)
13. ON/OFF	This button is on machine left side, used for inverter power on/off

## 1.3 Product Features

### Outstanding Performance

- Support dual batteries up to 80+80A/160A max charge/discharge current, flexible battery configuration for customers on site.
- Integrated 4 MPPTs and string current up to 21A, suitable for both 182mm and 210mm PV modules.
- Support 1.6times rated power as peak power output on Backup port to ensure crucial loads uninterrupted operation during the switch of on and off grid, especially for air-conditioner, water pump, motor, etc.
- Support 100% imbalance power of each phase on Backup port to ensure power supply for different scenarios of loads.
- Max. 6 pcs parallel for on-grid and off-grid operation, scalable capacity satisfying more kinds of customer needs.
- Compatible with batteries from multiple famous brands and support wide voltage range giving customers multiple battery options.
- Lighter weight 73kg among similar 50k products, convenient for installation and maintenance.

### Intelligent Function

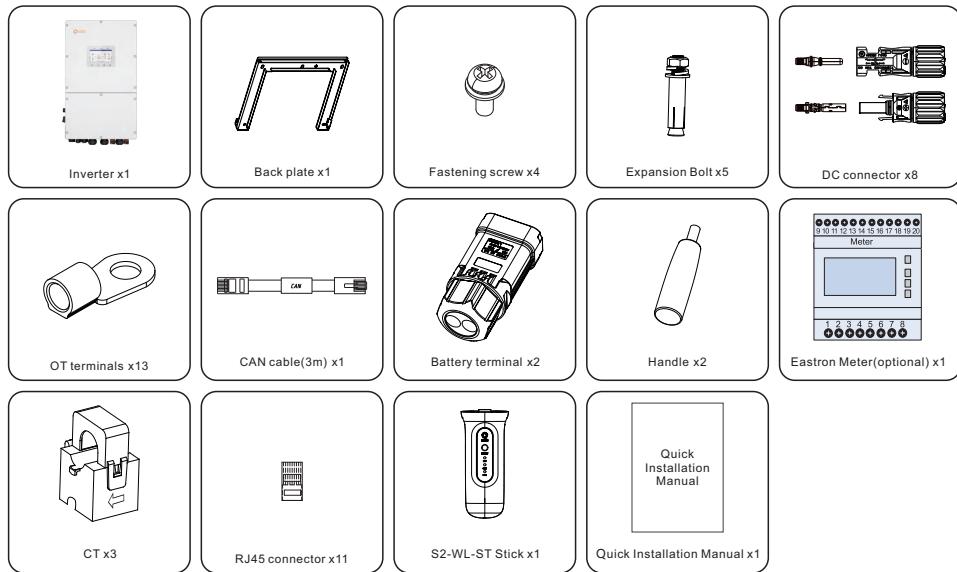
- Support peak shaving control in both grid and generator condition.
- Generator connectivity with multiple input methods and automatic generator On/Off control.
- UPS level switching time (<10ms) supporting critical loads all the time.
- 99% High PV charge efficiency to prevent excess PV loss.
- 6 customizable charge/discharge time settings to gain more revenue from customer side.
- Multiple working modes to meet different use case scenarios.
- Controllable and Upgradeable via the SolisCloud App to avoid site visits.

### Safe&Reliable

- Safety protection with integrated AFCI function, which actively detects arc faults in the PV Array.
- Multiple battery protection function.

## 1.4 Packaging

Please ensure that the following items are included in the packaging with your machine:



If anything is missing, please contact your local Solis distributor.



### NOTE

CT default Length : 4m, and the its extension not supported.

CT model: ESCT-T50-300A/5A

CT Cable: Size – 2.3mm<sup>2</sup>, Length - 4m

Meter model: SDM630MCT V2 (Eastron 3-phase meter)

## 1.5 Tools Required for Installation



### 2.1 Safety

The following types of safety instructions and general information appear in this document as described below:



#### DANGER

“Danger” indicates a hazardous situation which if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



#### WARNING

“Warning” indicates a hazardous situation which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



#### CAUTION

“Caution” indicates a hazardous situation which if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



#### NOTE

“Note” provides tips that are valuable for the optimal operation of your product.



#### WARNING: Risk of fire

Despite careful construction, electrical devices can cause fires.

- Do not install the inverter in an area containing flammable materials or gases.
- Do not install the inverter in a potentially explosive atmosphere.

### 2.2 General Safety Instructions



#### WARNING

Only devices in compliance with SELV (EN 69050) may be connected to the RS485 and USB interfaces.



#### WARNING

Do not connect PV array positive (+) or negative (-) to ground, doing so could cause serious damage to the inverter.



#### WARNING

Electrical installations must be done in accordance with local and national electrical safety standards.



#### WARNING

Do not touch any internal parts until 5 minutes after disconnection from the utility grid, PV array, and battery.



### **WARNING**



To reduce the risk of fire, over-current protective devices (OCPD) are required for all circuits connected to the inverter.

The DC OCPD shall be installed per local requirements. All photovoltaic source and output circuit conductors shall have isolators that comply with the NEC Article 690, Part II.

All Solis single phase inverters feature an integrated DC disconnect switch.

### **CAUTION**



Risk of electric shock, do not remove the cover. There are no serviceable parts inside, refer servicing to qualified and accredited service technicians.

### **CAUTION**



The PV conductors are energized with high voltage DC when the PV modules are exposed to sunlight.

### **CAUTION**



The surface temperature of the inverter can reach up to 75°C.

To avoid risk of burns, do not touch the surface of the inverter while it is operating. The inverter must be installed out of direct sunlight exposure.

### **NOTE**



PV modules used with inverter must have an IEC 61730 Class A rating.

### **WARNING**



Operations must be accomplished by a licensed electrician or a person authorized by Solis.

### **WARNING**



Installer must wear personal protective equipment during the entire installation process in case of electrical hazards.

### **WARNING**



The AC Backup Port of the inverter cannot be connected to the grid.

### **WARNING**



Please refer to the product manual of the battery before installation and configuration to the inverter.



**Systems using this product shall be designed and built in accordance with the NEC & local electrical codes & standards.**



### NOTE

Please Notice that Max.operation altitude 4000m, but Max. input PV voltage will derate when above 2000m, the following table shows the relationship between elevation and voltage.

Elevation (m)	Voltage (Vdc)
2000	1000
2700	1000
3000	981
3500	925
4000	875

### 2.3 Notice for Use

The inverter has been constructed according to the applicable safety and technical guidelines, use the inverter in installations that meet the following specifications only:

1. Permanent installation is required.
2. The electrical installation must be compliant with all local and national regulations & standards.
3. The inverter must be installed according to the instructions stated in this manual.
4. The inverter must be installed according to the inverter technical specifications.

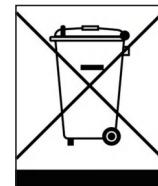
### 2.4 Notice for Disposal

This product shall not be disposed as household waste.

It must be segregated and brought to an appropriate disposal facility to ensure proper recycling.

This is to be done in order to avoid negative impacts on the environment and human health.

Local waste management rules shall be observed and respected.



### 2.5 Notice for Transportation

For the transportation demands of integrating with battery or install inverter in container, solis only support separate transport, and the battery pack should be placed in the freight cabinet follow the battery manufacturer's rule, and the inverter should be placed on its own tray, we also dont support the machine is transported in the cabinet in the form of back-hanging.

## 3.1 Select a Location to Install the Inverter

When selecting a location for the inverter, the following criteria should be considered:

- Exposure to direct sunlight may cause output power derating due to overheating. It is recommended to avoid installing the inverter in direct sunlight. The ideal location is one where the ambient temperature does not exceed 40°C.
- It is also recommended to install the inverter somewhere the rain and snow will not land directly on it. The ideal installation location is on a north-facing wall under an eave.

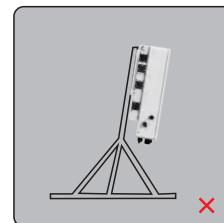
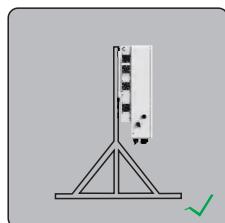
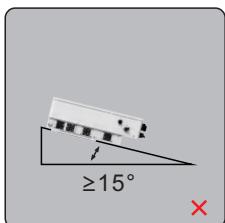
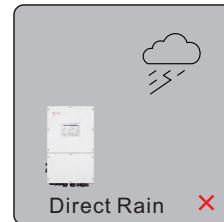
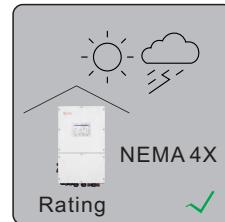
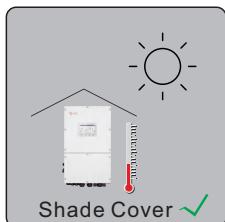
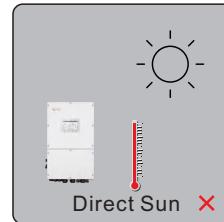


Figure 3.1 Recommended Installation locations

### **WARNING: Risk of fire**

Despite careful construction, electrical devices can cause fires.

- Do not install the inverter in areas containing highly flammable materials or gases.
- Do not install the inverter in potentially explosive atmospheres.
- The mounting structure where the inverter is installed must be fireproof.



When selecting a location for the inverter, consider the following:



#### CAUTION: Hot Surface

- The temperature of the inverter heat-sink can reach 75°C.

The ambient temperature and relative humidity of the installation environment should meet the following requirements:

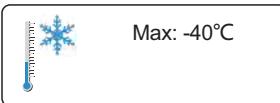


Figure 3.2 Installation environment conditions

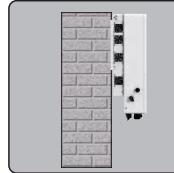


#### Load bearing surface:

Made of non-inflammable materials



Max. load bearing capacity  $\geq$  4 times of inverter weight



#### 3.1.1 Clearances

- If multiple inverters are installed on site, a minimum clearance of 500mm should be kept between each inverter and all other mounted equipment. The bottom of the inverter should be at least 1000mm above of the ground or floor.
- The LED status indicator lights located on the inverter's front panel should not be blocked
- Adequate ventilation must be present if the inverter is to be installed in a confined space.

#### 3.1.2 Consult technical data

- Consult the technical specifications sections at the end of this manual for additional environmental condition requirements (temperature range, altitude, etc.)

#### 3.1.3 Angle of installation

- This model of Solis inverter must be mounted vertically (90 degrees or backwards less than or equal to 15 degrees from 90 degrees straight up).

#### 3.1.4 Avoiding direct sunlight

Installation of the inverter in a location exposed to direct sunlight should be avoided.

Direct exposure to sunlight could cause:

- Power output limitation (with a resulting decreased energy production by the system).
- Premature wear of the electrical/electromechanical components.
- Premature wear of the mechanical components (gaskets) and user interface.

#### 3.1.5 Air circulation

Do not install in small, closed rooms where air cannot freely circulate.

To prevent overheating, always ensure that the air flow around the inverter is not blocked.

#### 3.1.6 Flammable substances

Do not install near flammable substances. Maintain a minimum distance of three meters (10 feet) from such substances.

#### 3.1.7 Living area

Do not install in a living area where the prolonged presence of people or animals is expected. Depending on where the inverter is installed (for example: the type of surface around the inverter, the general properties of the room, etc.) and the quality of the electricity supply, the sound level from the inverter can be quite high.

## 3.2 Product Handling

Please review the instruction below for handling the inverter:

1. The red circles below denote cutouts on the product package - one per side.  
Push in the cutouts to form handles for moving the inverter (see Figure 3.3).
2. Two people are required to remove the inverter from the shipping box. Use the handles integrated into the heat sink to remove the inverter from the carton.
3. When setting the inverter down, do it slowly and gently. This ensures that the internal components and the outer chassis do not take any damage.
4. There are two black mounting handrails on the machine, they are removable and convenient for installation (see Figure 3.4).
5. The position of handrails installation as the red mark in figure 3.4.

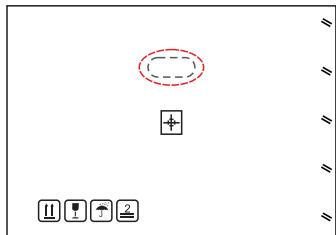


Figure 3.3



Figure 3.4

#### 3.3 Mounting the Inverter

- Mount the inverter on a wall or structure capable of bearing the weight of the machine.
- The inverter must be mounted vertically with a maximum incline of +/- 5 degree. Exceeding this may cause the output power to derate.
- To avoid overheating, always make sure the flow of air around the inverter is not blocked. A minimum clearance of 500mm should be kept between inverters or objects and 1000mm clearance between the bottom of the machine and the ground.



Figure 3.5 Inverter Mounting Clearances

- Visibility of the LED indicator lights should be considered.
- Adequate ventilation around the inverter must be provided.



**NOTE**

Nothing should be stored on the top of or placed against the inverter.

Dimensions of mounting bracket:

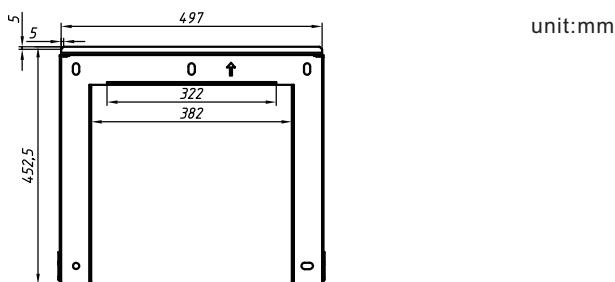


Figure 3.6 Inverter wall mounting

Once a suitable location has been found according to 3.1 using figure 3.6 mount the wall bracket to the wall.

The inverter shall be mounted vertically.

The steps to mount the inverter are listed as below:

1. Select the mounting height of the bracket and mark the mounting holes.  
For brick walls, the position of the holes should be suitable for the expansion bolts.
2. Lift up the inverter (be careful to avoid body strain), and align the back bracket on the inverter with the convex section of the mounting bracket. Hang the inverter on the mounting bracket and make sure the inverter is secure (see Figure 3.7)

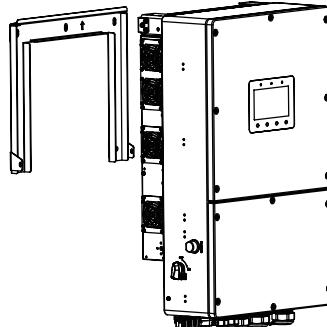


Figure 3.7 Wall mount bracket



**WARNING:**

The inverter must be mounted vertically.

#### 3.4 Inverter Wiring Overview

	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Connection Points</b>
PV Cables	PV DC connection to the inverter	From the PV array to the DC+ and DC- terminals in the inverter
Battery Cables	Battery DC connection to the inverter	From the battery (+) and (-) terminals to the inverter BAT+ and BAT- terminals
AC Grid Cables	Inverter AC connection to the main service panel	From the OCPD in the main service panel to the AC-GRID L1, L2, L3 terminals
AC Backup Cables	Inverter AC connection to the backup subpanel	From the backup loads subpanel OCPD to the inverter AC-BACKUP L1, L2, L3 terminals
Ground Cables	Grounding conductors for the system	From the main service panel ground bar to the ground bar inside the inverter wire box
Meter cable	Communication between inverter & Meter	From meter to terminal HM. For more details, refer to figure Installing the energy meter
Battery communication cable	Communication between the inverter & the battery	From battery to terminal BMS. For more details, refer to figure Installing the battery
Data Logger (Optional)	Monitoring of the system on SolisCloud	USB COM port at the bottom of the inverter (For more details, please refer to the Solis data logger product manual)



#### NOTE

Conductor dimensions and OCPD sizing to be determined in accordance with the national electrical code (NEC) and local standards.

#### 3.5 Ground Cable Installation

An external ground connection is provided at the both sides of inverter.

Prepare OT terminals: M5. Use proper tooling to crimp the lug to the terminal.

Connect the OT terminal with ground cable to the right side of inverter. The torque is 3.5N.m.

M5 Screw removed  
Torque: 3.5N.m

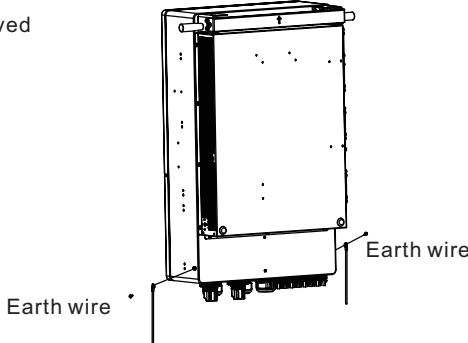


Figure 3.8 Connect the external grounding conductor

To connect the grounding terminal on the heat sink, please follow the steps below:

1. It is recommended to use copper wire for the chassis ground. Either solid conductor or stranded wire is acceptable. Refer to local code standard for wire sizing.
2. Attach OT terminal: M5.

**IMPORTANT**



For multiple inverters in parallel, all inverters should be connected to the same ground point to eliminate the possibility of a voltage potential existing between inverter grounds.

3. Strip the ground cable insulation to a suitable length. (see Figure 3.9)
4. Crimp a ring connector onto the cable and then connect it to the chassis ground terminal.

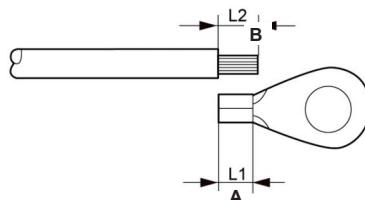


Figure 3.9 External Grounding Conductor Terminal

#### 3.6 PV Cable Installation



Before connecting inverter, please make sure the PV array open circuit voltage is within the limit of the inverter.

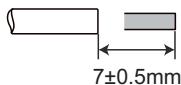


Before connection, please make sure the polarity of the output voltage of PV array matches the "DC+" and "DC-" symbols.



Please use approved DC cable for PV system.

1. Select a suitable DC cable and strip the wires out by  $7\pm0.5\text{mm}$ . Please refer to the table below for specific specifications.



Cable type	Cross section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	
	Range	Recommended value
Industry generic PV cable	4.0~6.0 (12~10AWG)	4.0 (12AWG)

Figure 3.10

2. Take the DC terminal out of the accessory bag, turn the screw cap to disassemble it, and take out the waterproof rubber ring.

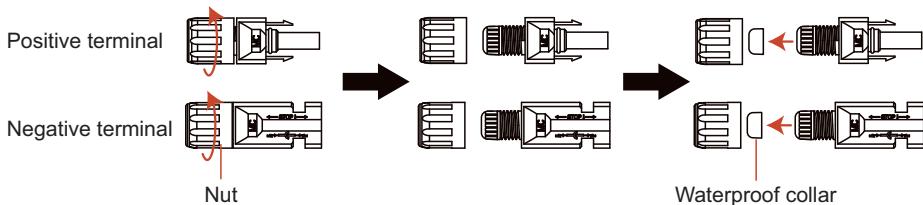


Figure 3.11

### 3. Installation

User Manual

3. Pass the stripped DC cable through the nut and waterproof rubber ring.

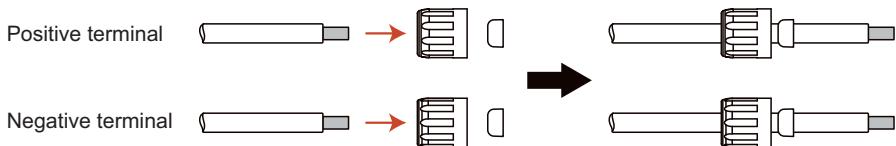


Figure 3.12

4. Connect the wire part of the DC cable to the metal DC terminal and crimp it with a special DC terminal crimping tool.

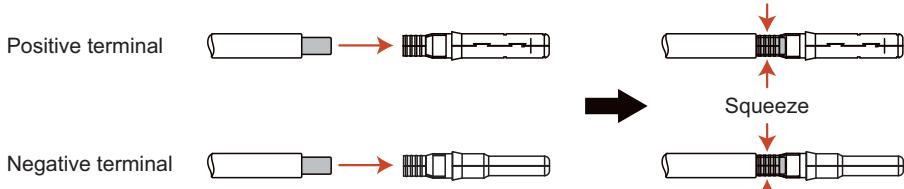


Figure 3.13

5. Insert the crimped DC cable into the DC terminal firmly, then insert the waterproof rubber ring into the DC terminal and tighten the nut.

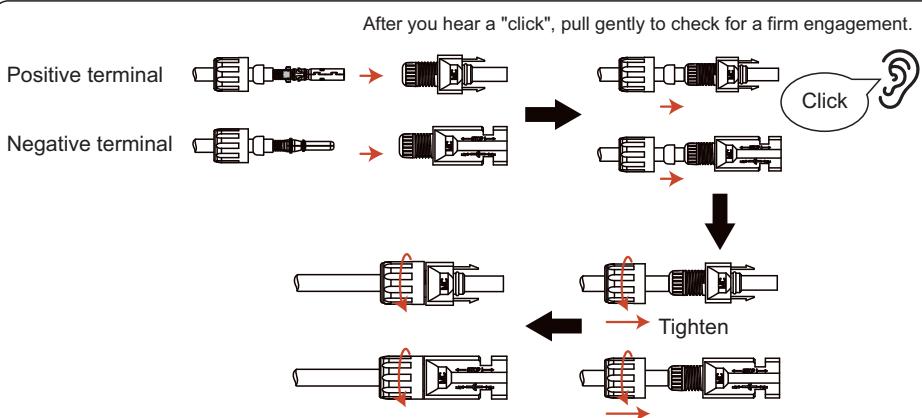


Figure 3.14

6. Measure PV voltage of DC input with multimeter, verify DC input cable polarity.

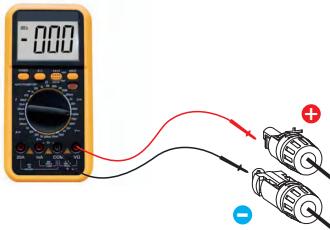


Figure 3.15

7. Connect the wired DC terminal to the inverter as shown in the figure, and a slight "click" is heard to prove the connection is correct.

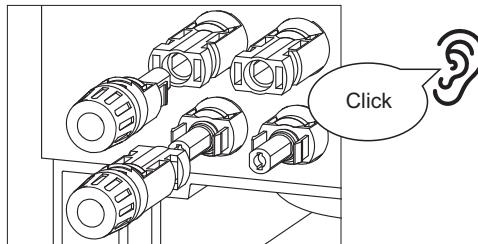


Figure 3.16



#### CAUTION:

If DC inputs are accidentally reversely connected or inverter is faulty or not working properly, it is NOT allowed to turn off the DC switch. Otherwise it may cause DC arc and damage the inverter or even lead to a fire disaster. The correct actions are:

- \*Use a clip-on ammeter to measure the DC string current.
- \*If it is above 0.5A, please wait for the solar irradiance reduces until the current decreases to below 0.5A.
- \*Only after the current is below 0.5A, you are allowed to turn off the DC switches and disconnect the PV strings.
- \* In order to completely eliminate the possibility of failure, please disconnect the PV strings after turning off the DC switch to avoid secondary failures due to continuous PV energy on the next day.

Please note that any damages due to wrong operations are not covered in the device warranty.

## 3.7 Battery Cable Installation



### DANGER

Before installing the battery cables, be sure that the battery is turned off.

Use a multimeter to verify that the battery voltage is 0Vdc before proceeding. Consult the battery product manual for instructions on how to turn it off.



### NOTE

The suggested specification of external BAT circuit breaker for each battery is 100A.



### NOTE

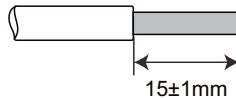
We recommended that the external DC Breaker specification for reference only. The specific parameters are subject to the actual usage requirements:  
 $U_e \geq 1000Vdc$ ,  $I_n \geq 100A$ ,  $I_{cs} \geq DC 50KA$

Applicable altitude: 0~2500m(no derating)

Applicable environment temperature: -35°C~40°C(no derating).

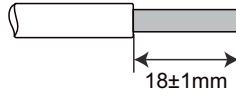
### 3.7.1 Installation Steps

Dimension of stripping line inside machine



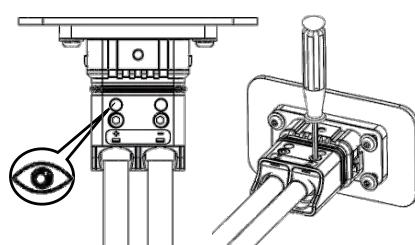
Cable type	Cross section (mm <sup>2</sup> )
Battery cable	10.0~25.0 MAX

Dimension of stripping line outside machine



Cable type	Cross section (mm <sup>2</sup> )
Battery cable	10.0~25.0 MAX

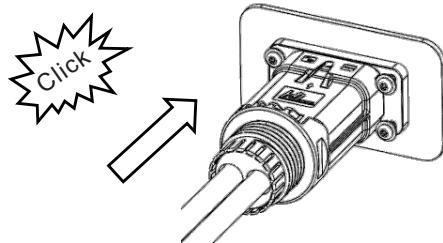
1. Insert the cable into the rubber core according to the line sequence, observe the perspective hole, the cable is in place, and the torque of the crimping screwdriver is  $4 \pm 0.1N\cdot M$ .



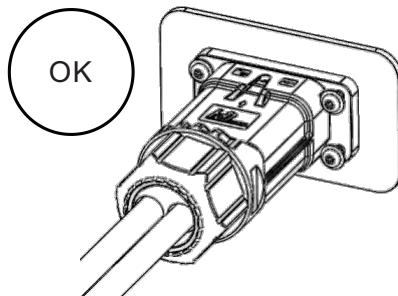
### 3. Installation

User Manual

2. Insert the main body into the rubber core and hear the "click" sound.

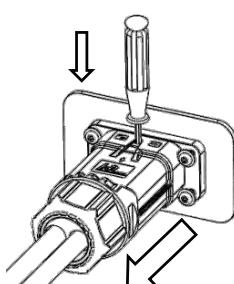


3. Complete the installation.



#### 3.7.2 Disassembly Steps

1. Use a screwdriver to align the unlocking position, press and hold the main body and pull back to complete the removal.



#### 3.8 AC Wiring



##### DANGER

Before installing the AC cables, be sure that the OCPDs (breakers) are turned off.

Use a multimeter to verify that the AC voltages are 0Vac before proceeding.

There are three sets of AC output terminals and the installation steps for both are the same. The maximum temperature for connecting AC and battery terminals is 85°C.

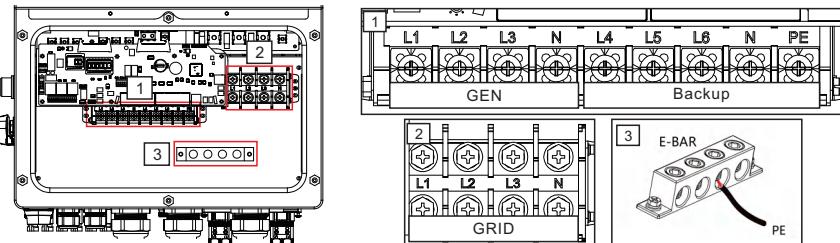


Figure 3.17 AC output terminals

Model	Smart port	Backup port	Grid port	Earth Bar
Wire Size	3AWG/4AWG	3AWG/4AWG	0AWG/1AWG	2 AWG
Torque	3.4 N.m	3.4 N.m	5.1 N.m	3.4 N.m
Cable	20-25mm <sup>2</sup>	20-25mm <sup>2</sup>	50mm <sup>2</sup>	33 mm <sup>2</sup>

1. Bring the AC cables for the backup loads panel (backup) and the main service panel (grid) into the inverter wire box. The backup loads panel should not be electrically connected to the main service panel.
2. Strip 13mm from the ends of each cable. Crimp the R-type connectors onto the ends.
3. Remove the terminal bolts, insert them into the connectors, then use a torque wrench to tighten the bolts down.
4. Please refer to the terminal labels to connect the AC wires to the correct terminals. Cable Gland are recommended torque for installation is 7-7.5 N.m. In order to ensure waterproof effect, the operator regularly checks whether the installation is tight.

##### NOTE:



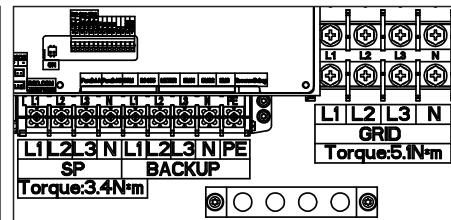
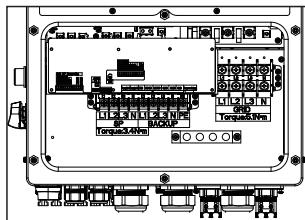
We recommended that the external AC Breaker specification for reference only. The specific parameters are subject to the actual usage requirements:

- AC grid port: four-pole, 160A,  $I_{cc} \geq 20KA$ ,  $I_{cp} \geq 800A(5In)$
- Backup port:  $U_{e} \geq 400V_{ac}$ ,  $I_{n} \geq 125A$ ,  $I_{cs} \geq AC\ 50KA$
- Applicable altitude: 0~2500m(no derating)
- Applicable environment temperature: -35°C~40°C(no derating)
- Smart port:  $U_{e} \geq 400V_{ac}$ ,  $I_{n} \geq 125A$ ,  $I_{cs} \geq AC\ 50KA$
- Applicable altitude: 0~2500m(no derating)
- Applicable environment temperature: -35°C~40°C(no derating).

**NOTE:**



Now, with the different batches, the inverter after delivery will be subject to the following screen printing sign, compared with the old version, the function of the corresponding terminal will not change, and the way of connecting the cable will not change and we add the torque data sign for helping installation on site.(In this manual, some diagram contents use the old version sign, but corresponding installation should be based on your machine).



**NOTE:**



The requirement of load on inverter's backup port and smart port:

1. Resistive load & RCD load: single phase Resistive load cannot exceed 100% inverter rated single phase power, the RCD load cannot exceed 60% inverter rated power.
2. Motor load: customer should be careful about the impulse power when start the load, ensure the impulse power cannot exceed the overload curve power and time restriction.
- 3 RLC load: total power of load cannot exceed inverter rated power, the instantaneous peak current (peak impulse current) during load switching shall not exceed twice the rated current of the inverter, and the minimum power factor shall not be lower than 0.8
- 4 Mixed Load: Excluding the RLC load, the motor load and RCD load should be reduced proportionally.
5. Isolation transformer: If starting with a transformer, it is necessary to pay attention to the inrush current not exceeding twice the rated current and the inrush power not exceeding the overload curve limit requirements; otherwise, a soft start function needs to be added to the transformer.

#### 3.9 CT Connection



**CAUTION:**

Make sure the AC cable is totally isolated from AC power before connecting the or CT.

##### 3.9.1 CT Installation

The CT provided in the product box is compulsory for hybrid system installation. It can be used to detect the grid current direction and provide the system operating condition to hybrid inverter.

CT Model: ESCT-T50-300A/5A

CT Cable: Size – 2.3mm<sup>2</sup>, Length - 4m, its extension not supported.

Please install the CT on the hot line at the system grid connection point and the arrow on the CT needs to point to the grid direction.

Lead the CT wires through the COM3 port at the bottom of the inverter and connect the CT wires to the 14pin communication terminal block.

CT Wire	14 PIN Communication Terminal Block
White	Pin 1 (From Left to Right)
Black	Pin 2 (From Left to Right)
White	Pin 3 (From Left to Right)
Black	Pin 4 (From Left to Right)
White	Pin 5 (From Left to Right)
Black	Pin 6 (From Left to Right)

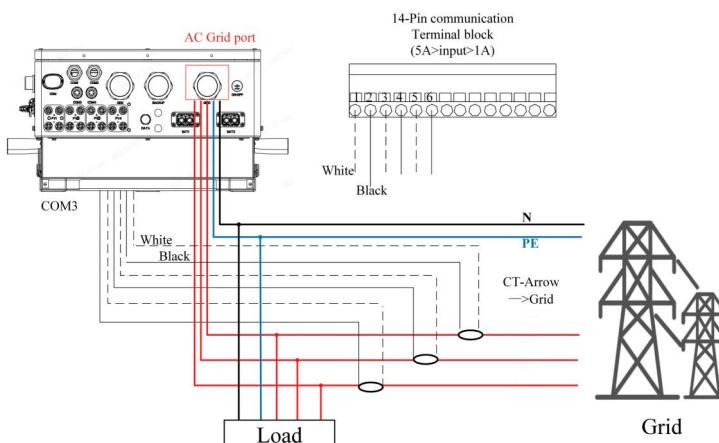
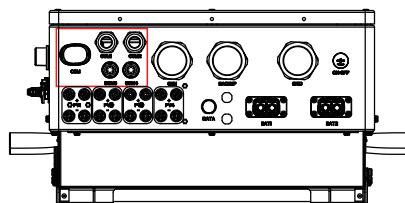


Figure 3.18

#### 3.10 Inverter Communication

##### 3.10.1 Communication Ports



Port	Port Type	Description
COM	USB	Used for Solis data logger connection
COM1	4 hole watertight cable gland	Used for RJ45 connection inside wiring box
COM2	4 hole watertight cable gland	Used for RJ45 connection inside wiring box
COM3	6 hole watertight cable gland	Used for 14 PIN terminal block connection inside wiring box
COM4	6 hole watertight cable gland	Used for 14 PIN terminal block connection inside wiring box

Wiring steps for COM1-COM4:

Step 1. Loose the cable gland and remove the watertight caps inside the cable gland based on the number of the cables and keep the unused holes with watertight cap.

Step 2. Lead the cable into the holes in the cable gland.

(COM1-COM2 Hole Diameter: 6mm, COM3-COM4 Hole Diameter: 2mm)

Step 3. Connect the cable to the corresponding terminals inside the wiring box.

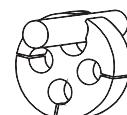
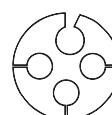
Step 4. Reassemble the cable gland and ensure there is no bending or stretching of the cables inside the wiring box.

**NOTE:**



The 4-hole fastening rings inside the cable gland for COM1 and COM2 are with openings on the side.

Please separate the gap with hand and squeeze the cables into the holes from the side openings.



#### 3.10.2 Communication Terminals

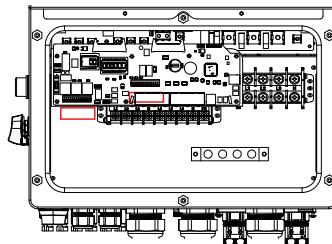


Figure 3.19 Communication terminals

Terminal	Type	Description	Reference
EMS	RJ45	Used for 3rd party Energy management system connection through RS485.	3.10.6
BMS2/ BMS1		Battery BMS2/BMS1 CAN communication.	3.10.3
METER		(Optional) Used for RS485 communication between inverter and the smart meter.	3.10.4
RS485		RS485 port for 3rd party external device or controller.	3.10.6
DRM		(Optional) To realize Demand Response or Logic Interface function, this function may be required in UK and Australia.	3.10.5
P-A/P-B		(Optional) Parallel operation communication port.	3.10.7
CT_L1+	Communication Terminal Block1	L1 (Phase A) CT Connection.	3.10.8
CT_L1-			
CT_L2+		L2 (Phase B) CT Connection.	
CT_L2-			
CT_L3+		L3 (Phase C) CT Connection.	
CT_L3-			
AC C+	Communication Terminal Block2	Used for controlling external relay to realize export limit in AC-coupled scenario (12V on/off signal).	3.10.9.1
AC C-			
EPO+		Emergency stop external switch.	3.10.9.2
EPO-			
GEN DO1+		Generator dry contact start/stop.	3.10.9.3
GEN DO1-			
GEN DO2+		Generator dry contact start/stop.(Reserved)	/
GEN DO2-			

Terminal	Type	Description	Reference
GEN DI+	Communication Terminal Block2	External ATS grid present/absent signal.	3.10.9.4
GEN DI-		External ATS grid present/absent signal.	
DI+		External ATS grid present/absent signal. (Reserved)	/
DI-			

#### 3.10.3 BMS Terminal Connection

CAN communication is supported between inverter and compatible battery models.

Please lead the CAN cable through the COM1 or COM2 port of the inverter and connect to the BMS terminal with RJ45 connector.

Inverters of this series type support that customers using the batteries with different capacity and with different specification, but Solis recommend that using the batteries with same specification is better for the whole inverter system work excellently.



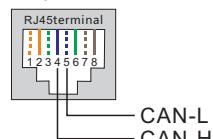
**NOTE:**



Before connecting CAN cable with the battery, please check whether the communication pin sequence of the inverter and the battery match;  
If it does not match, you need to cut off the RJ45 connector at one end of the CAN cable and adjust the pin sequence according to the pin definitions of both inverter and battery.

Pin definition of the inverter BMS Port is following  
EIA/TIA 568B.

CAN-H on Pin 4: Blue  
CAN-L on Pin 5: Blue/White



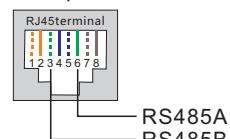
**NOTE:**



Before connecting RS485 cable with the battery, please check whether the communication pin sequence of the inverter and the battery match;  
If it does not match, you need to cut off the RJ45 connector at one end of the RS485 cable and adjust the pin sequence according to the pin definitions of both inverter and battery.

Pin definition of the inverter BMS Port is following  
EIA/TIA 568B.

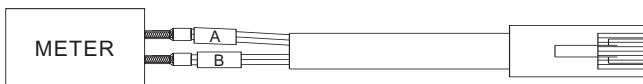
RS485A on Pin 6: Green  
RS485B on Pin 3: Green/White



#### 3.10.4 Meter Terminal Connection (Optional)

If a smart meter is preferred to be installed other than the provided CT, please contact Solis sales rep to order the smart meter and corresponding meter CT.

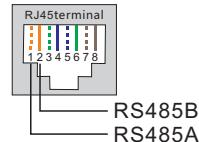
Please lead the Meter RS485 cable through the COM1 or COM2 port of the inverter and connect to the Meter terminal with RJ45 connector.



**NOTE:**

Pin definition of the Meter Terminal is following EIA/TIA 568B.

RS485A on Pin 1:Orange/white  
RS485B on Pin 2:Orange



#### 3.10.5 DRM Port Connection (Optional)

##### 3.10.5.1 For Remote Shutdown Function

Solis inverters support remote shutdown function to remotely control the inverter to power on and off through logic signals.

The DRM port is provided with an RJ45 terminal and its Pin5 and Pin6 can be used for remote shutdown function.

Signal	Function
Short Pin5 and Pin6	Inverter Generates
Open Pin5 and Pin6	Inverter Shutdown in 5s

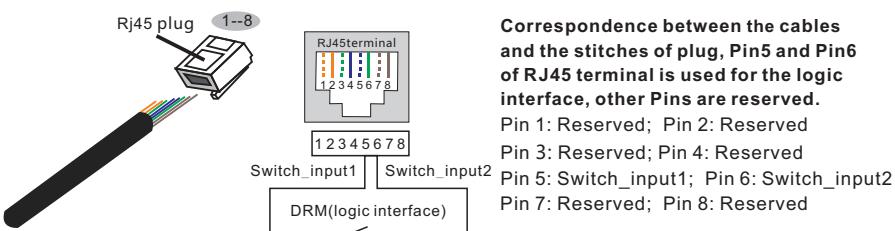


Figure 3.20 Strip the insulation layer and connect to RJ45 plug

#### 3.10.5.2 For DRED Control Function (For AU and NZ Only)

DRED means demand response enable device. The AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 required inverter need to support demand response mode(DRM).

This function is for inverter that comply with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 standard.

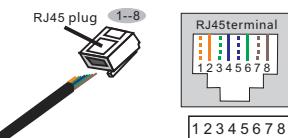
A RJ45 terminal is used for DRM connection.

Pin	Assignment for inverters capable of both charging and discharging	Pin	Assignment for inverters capable of both charging and discharging
1	DRM 1/5	5	RefGen
2	DRM 2/6	6	Com/DRM0
3	DRM 3/7	7	V+
4	DRM 4/8	8	V-



**NOTE:**

Solis hybrid inverter is designed to provide 12V power for DRED.



**Correspondence between the cables and the stitches of plug**

Pin 1: white and orange ; Pin 2: orange  
Pin 3: white and green; Pin 4: blue  
Pin 5: white and blue; Pin 6: green  
Pin 7: white and brown; Pin 8: brown

Figure 3.21 Strip the insulation layer and connect to RJ45 plug

#### 3.10.6 EMS/RS485 Connection (Optional)

If third party EMS or controller device needs to communicate with the inverter. Both EMS and RS485 port can be used.

Modbus RTU protocol is supported by Solis inverters.

To acquire latest protocol document, please contact Solis local service team or Solis sales.



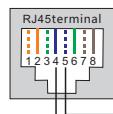
**NOTE:**

Pin definition of the RS485 Port is following

EIA/TIA 568B.

RS485A on Pin 5: Blue/White

RS485B on Pin 4: Blue



RS485A  
RS485B

#### 3.10.7 Parallel Inverter Connection (Optional)

Up to 6 units of the inverter can be connected in parallel.

Please connect the paralleled inverters by using P-A and P-B terminals.

Standard CAT5 with shielding layers internet cable can be used.

1. ALL inverter MUST be connected to their own HV battery.

2. NOT support two or more inverters connect to the same one battery.

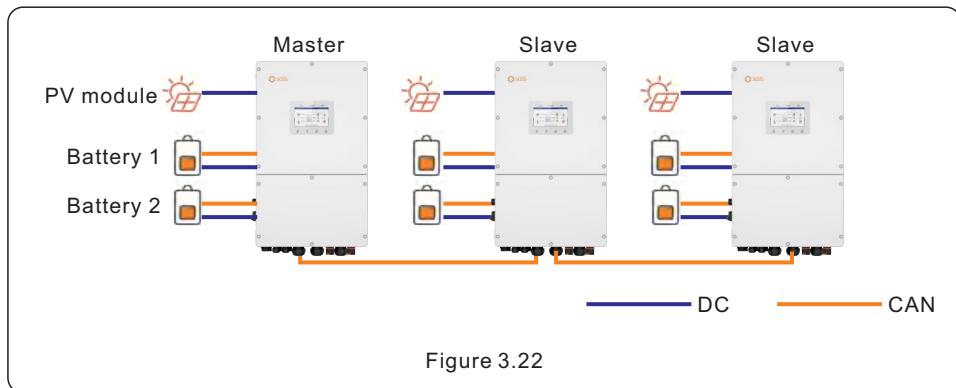


Figure 3.22

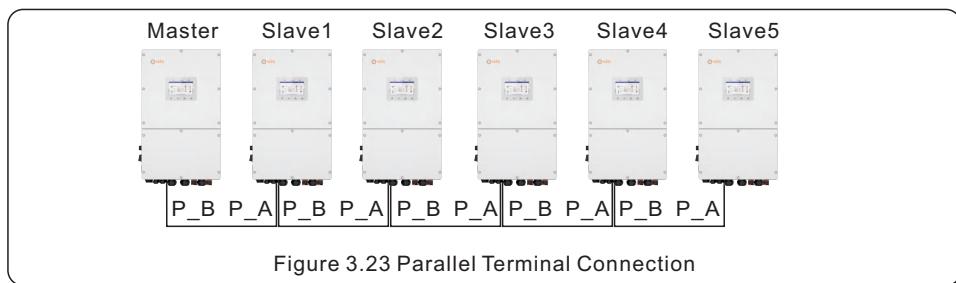


Figure 3.23 Parallel Terminal Connection



#### NOTE:

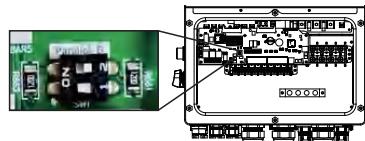
In a parallel system, if the battery number configuration is not one-to-one sufficient, only the slave machine can be left unconnected, while the master machine must be connected to the battery.

And the battery which one has the highest capacity we recommend you connect it to master machine is better for system stability.

**NOTE:**



If the parallel machine is connected to the first and last consoles of the parallel connection, you need to put the DIP switch on the ARM board to ON, and the middle machine is all OFF.



**NOTE:**



The parallel communication cable should be standard STP(Shielded Twisted Pair)CAT5 network cable, currently supports cable length 3~5m between two machine, Sometimes, if the customer wants to increase the distance between two or more parallel machines, Solis supports 2 pcs in parallel mode, the distance between the first and last machines is 20m, and for 6 pcs in parallel mode, the distance between the first and last machine is 50m, the communication is normal. if you have other demands about the communication cable length, please contact the solis official technical-support staff.

**NOTE:**



If you want to do the parallel communication by your own parallel cable instead of the cable in accessory, you should use the shielding cable and keep the wire sequence as: Orange white, orange, green white, blue, white blue, green, white brown, brown.

**NOTE:**



Single inverter noise is less than 65 dB(A), When using multiple inverters to combine, pay attention to noise protection.

#### 3.10.8 Communication Terminal Block 1 – CT Connection

##### Terminal Block Connection Steps:

Step 1. Lead the wires through the hole in COM3 port (Hole Diameter: 2 mm)

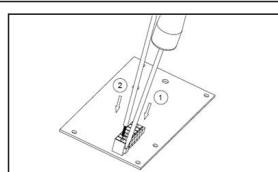
Step 2. Strip the wires for 9mm length

Step 3. Use slot type screwdriver to press the block on the top

Step 4. Insert the exposed copper part of the cable into the terminal.

Step 5. Remove the screwdriver and the terminal will clamp down on the exposed copper part.

Step 6. Give the cable a gentle tug to ensure that it is firmly secured.



#### 3.10.8.1 HM Terminal Connection (CT Terminal Connection)

CT connection is necessary to realize the correct control logic of the hybrid inverter, unless the smart meter is used as stated in section 3.10.4 and section 3.9.

The CT provided in the inverter package has BLACK(S2) and WHITE(S1) wires. The BLACK wire needs to connect to the Pin 2, Pin 4, Pin6 of the terminal block and the WHITE wire needs to connect to the Pin 1, Pin3, Pin5 of the terminal block as in the following diagram.



**NOTE:**

The voltage accuracy of the machine is 0.5%, and the CT current accuracy is 0.5%, so the total accuracy of inverter is 1% (voltage + current).

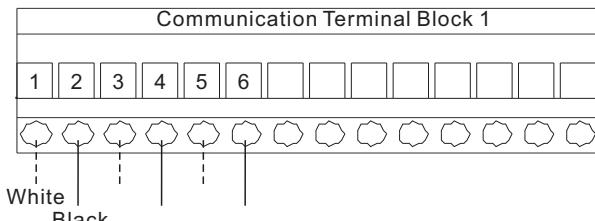


Figure 3.24



**NOTE:**

- Pin1 – CT L1+: White
- Pin2 – CT L1-: Black
- Pin3 – CT L1+: White
- Pin4 – CT L1-: Black
- Pin5 – CT L1+: White
- Pin6 – CT L1-: Black

#### 3.10.9 Communication Terminal Block 2

Terminal Block Connection Steps:

Step 1. Lead the wires through the hole in COM4 port (Hole Diameter: 2 mm)

Step 2. Strip the wires for 9mm length

Step 3. Use slot type screwdriver to press the block on the top

Step 4. Insert the exposed copper part of the cable into the terminal.

Step 5. Remove the screwdriver and the terminal will clamp down on the exposed copper part.

Step 6. Give the cable a gentle tug to ensure that it is firmly secured.

#### 3.10.9.1 AC Coupled Relay Control Terminal (AC C+ / AC C-)

This terminal is used for AC Coupled application with PV inverters on the smart port when system level export limit is required.

It is designed to connect with external controllable relay or breaker.

When hybrid inverter detects the system level export limit is about to be breached, it will initiate 12V on/off signal from this AC C+/AC C- terminal to the external controllable relay or breaker to shut down the AC connection of the PV inverters.

For detailed instructions, please contact Solis technical support or service team for clarification.

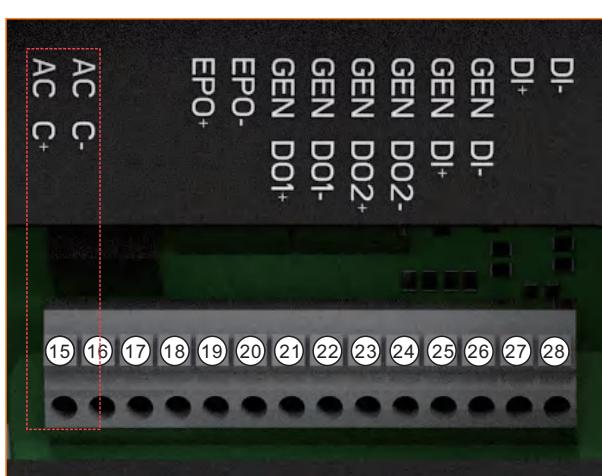


Figure 3.24

#### 3.10.9.2 Emergency Power Off (EPO) External Switch

An external emergency power off switch can be added to the system.

Pins 19 (EPO+) and 20 (PTO-) are for both rapid shutdown and emergency power off.

Connecting an external switch to these two pins allows the system to be put into EPO mode.

After installing an external switch, run a 2-core cable between it and the inverter.

Connect the two cores from the switch to pins 19 and 20 as shown below.

Initiating EPO for the master inverter will also initiate EPO for the slaves.

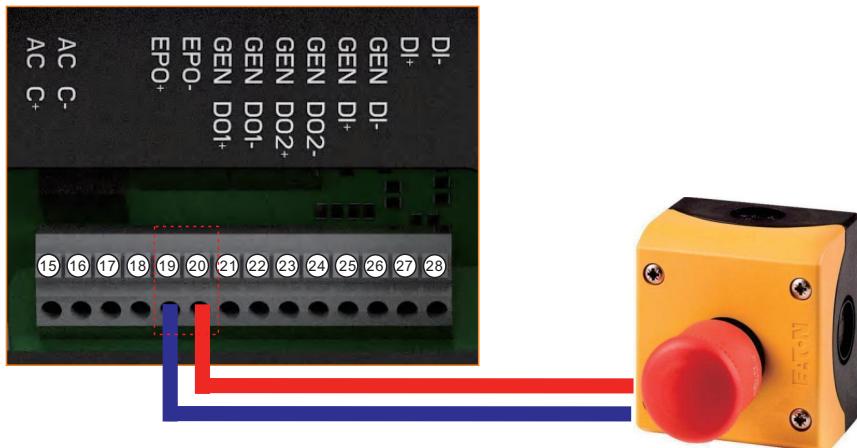


Figure 3.25

#### 3.10.9.3 Generator Dry Contact Terminal Connection

The two GEN DO1 terminals are for a voltage-free dry contact signal for connecting to a generator's NO relay which starts up the generator whenever necessary.

When generator operation is not required, Pins 21 (GEN DO1+) and 22 (GEN DO1-) are in open circuit. When generator operation is needed, Pins 21 and 22 are in closed circuit.

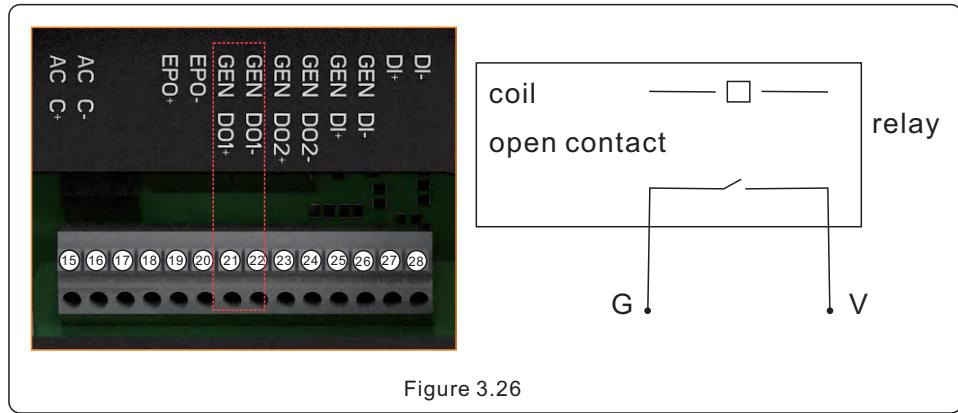


Figure 3.26



**NOTE:**

50mA > Input > 10mA

#### 3.10.9.4 Generator DI Terminal Connection

The GEN DI port logic is that when the dry contact is open the external level signal is low (0V). When the signal is 0V the inverter will know it is connected to the generator and not the grid. When the dry contact is closed, the signal is high (5V-12V).

The 5-12V signal lets the inverter know that it is connected to the grid and not to a generator. The inverter provides two sets of ports for both generator dry contact and ATS grid present signal.

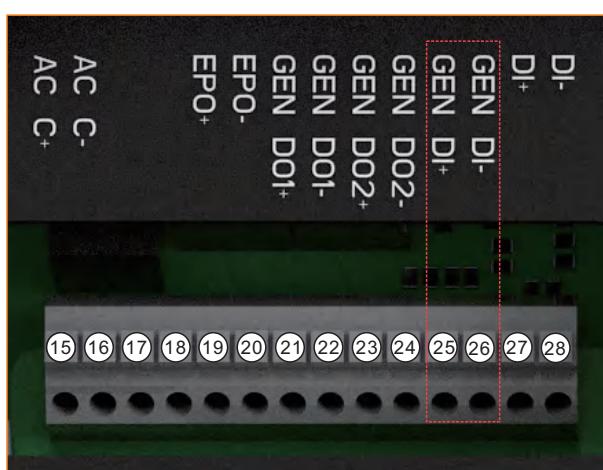


Figure 3.27



**NOTE:**

50mA > Input > 10mA

#### 3.11 Diesel Generator Wiring

1. The backup PE must be directly connected to the PE copper bar of the power distribution box, rather than the inverter shell.
2. The generator itself needs to be grounded, connected to the electric box, and connected to the inverter generator port.
3. When the generator is working, disconnect the Grid breaker or leakage current protector on the side of the power box immediately.



**NOTE:**

If you want use the smart port to connect a generator, there is no limit to the generator capacity. However, the maximum active power that the smart port can obtain from the generator is 50kW (approximately 60kVA based on a power factor of 0.8).we recommend that the generator power should be in the range: 10kW~50kW. Here take the 50k model as an example, for 60kW model, the range is 12kW-60kW.



**NOTE:**

If you need connect the generator on inverter smart port or inverter grid port, when you are connecting the power cable, you should keep the cable conned in right correspond phase sequence. For example: if you do the wrong operation , like connecting the A phase point form Inverter to the B or C phase point from generator, when you want start generator, the inverter will report alarm and the generator cannot start normally!

### 3. Installation

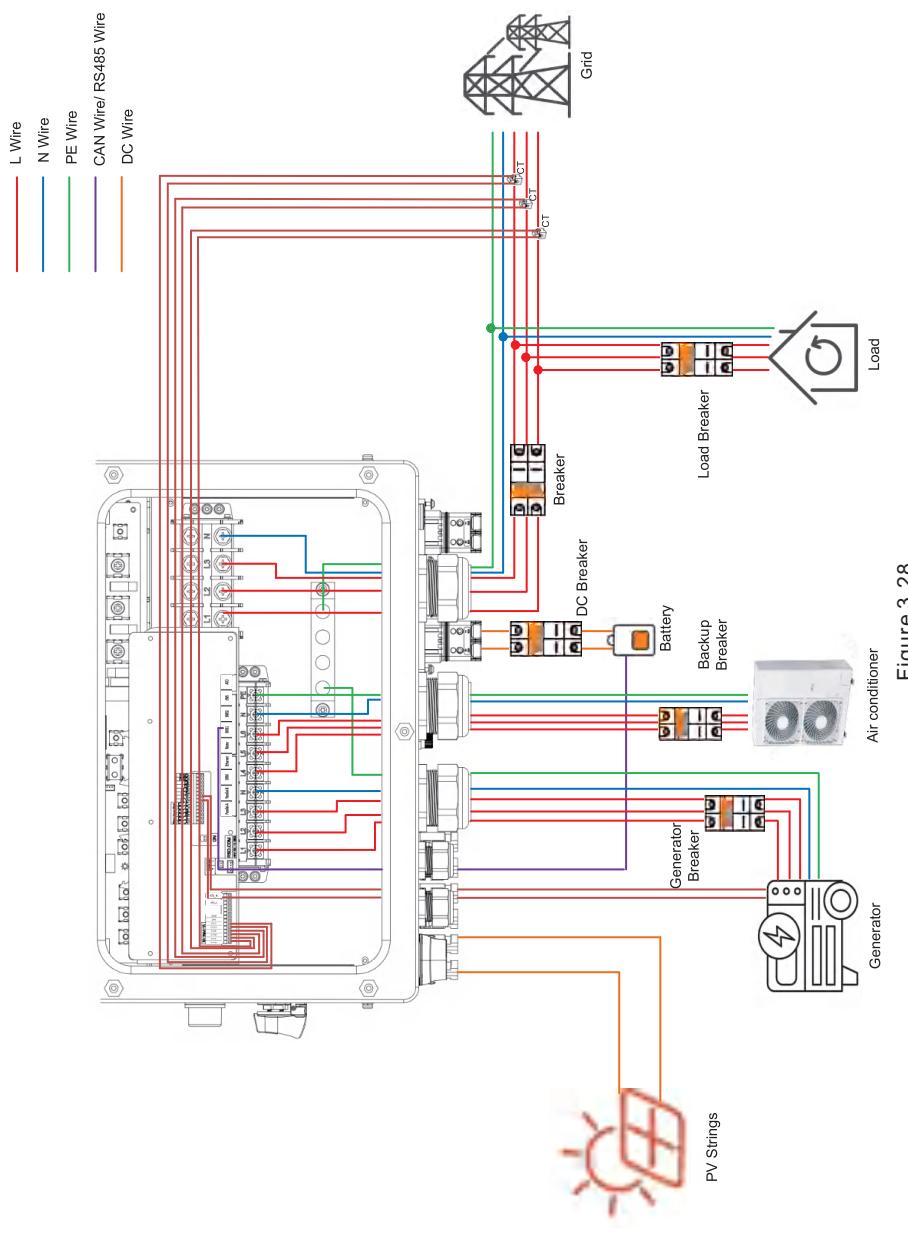


Figure 3.28

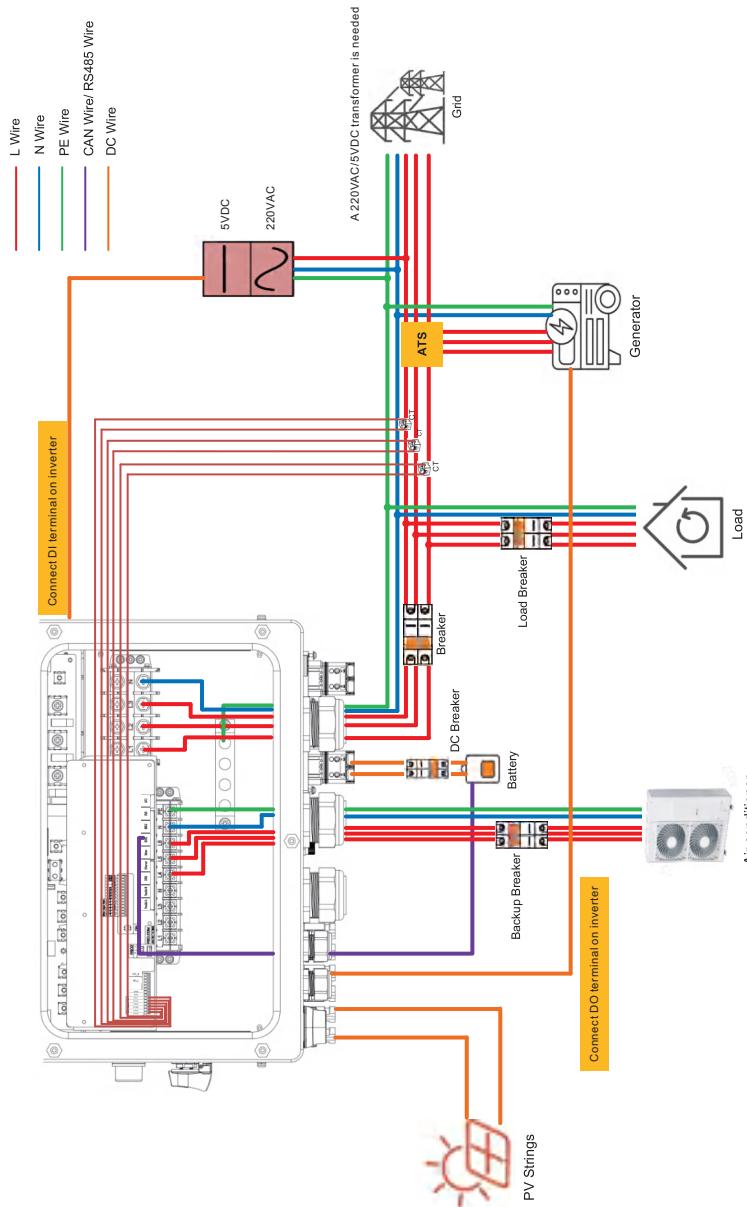


Figure 3.29

#### 3.12 Parallel System Wiring

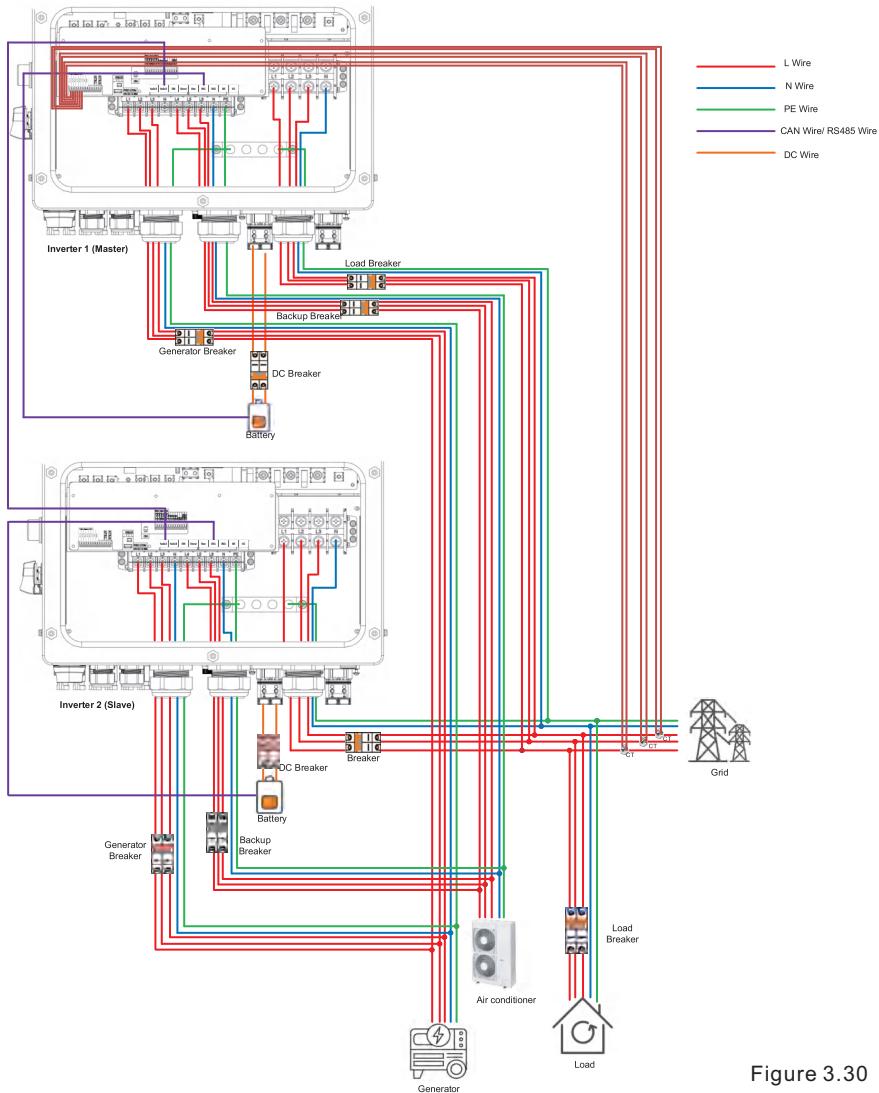


Figure 3.30

**NOTE:**



When under parallel system(inverter amount > 2), the AC cable length difference from inverter grid/backup port to the busbar should not exceed 10%.



**NOTE:**

If the inverter amount  $\geq 2$  in parallel mode on site, you must set the parallel mode on Solis app for each inverter in case of avoiding the damage to inverter when power on, the specific setting method can refer to the chapter 5.5.5 Parallel setting.

#### 3.13 Lithium battery wiring

Inverter supports the 3 wirings methods to connect to lithium battery.

If you have only one battery, you MUST connect it to DC 1 port on inverter, and communication cable MUST be connected to BMS 1 port on the inside terminal block.



**NOTE:**

The condition for battery fully charging:

For this series of product, the compatible battery voltage should from 150-800V, but if you want the battery fully charging, you should know the condition(as the below table) for that.

Battery curve		(29.9-50)K(21A)			60K(21A)		
NO.	Battery voltage	Battery Current	Single battery power	Two-way battery power	Battery Current	Single battery power	Two-way battery power
1	150V	30A	5kW	9kW	30A	5kW	9kW
2	215V	70A	15kW	30kW	70A	15kW	30kW
3	288V	70A	20kW	40kW	70A	20kW	40kW
4	324V	80A	26kW	52kW	84A	27kW	54kW
5	330V	80A	26kW	53kW	84A	28kW	55kW
6	400V	80A	32kW	55kW	84A	33.6kW	63kW
7	500V	70A	35kW	55kW	70A	35kW	63kW
8	550V	64A	35kW	55kW	64A	35kW	63kW
9	600V	58A	35kW	55kW	58A	35kW	63kW
10	700V	50A	35kW	55kW	50A	35kW	63kW
11	800V	44A	35kW	55kW	44A	35kW	63kW

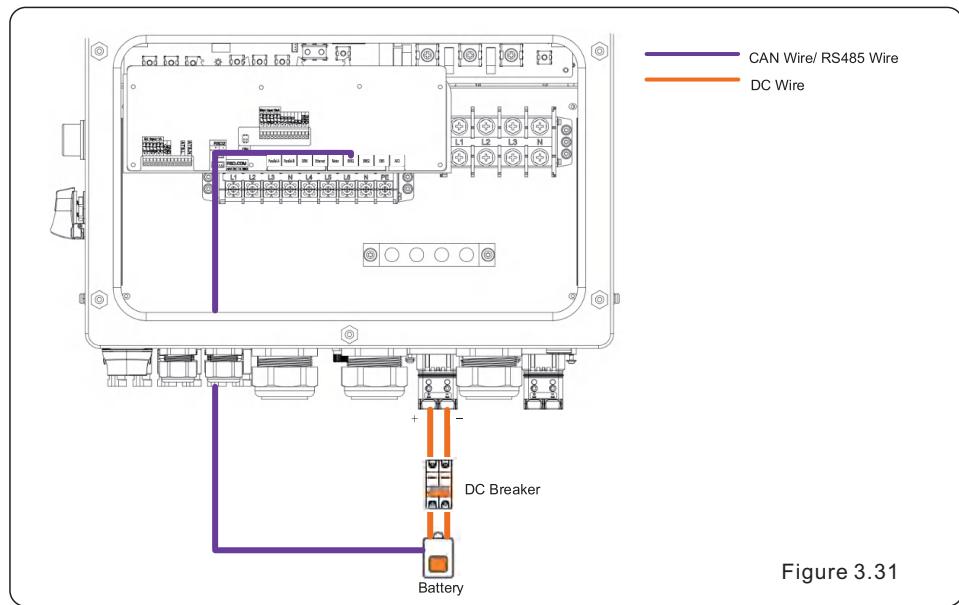


Figure 3.31

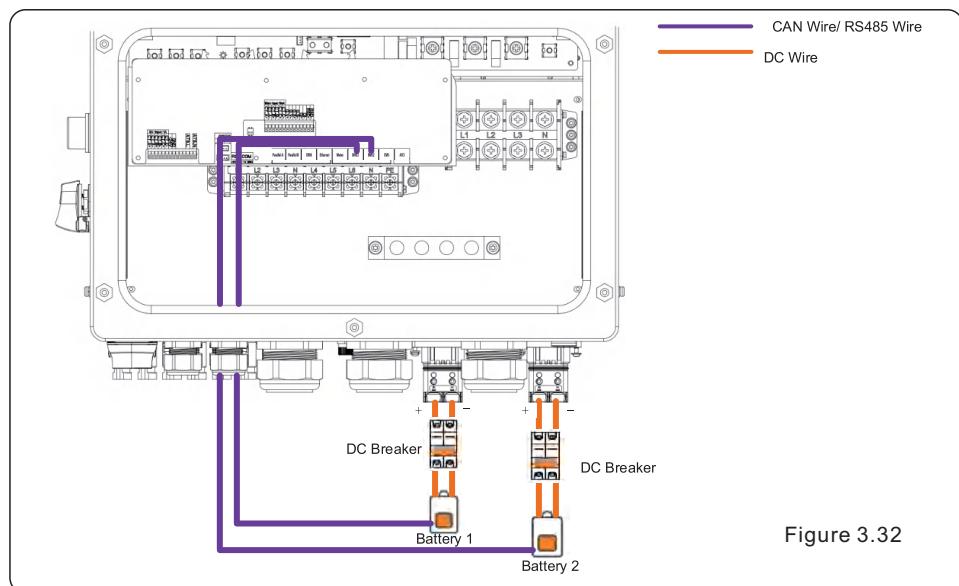
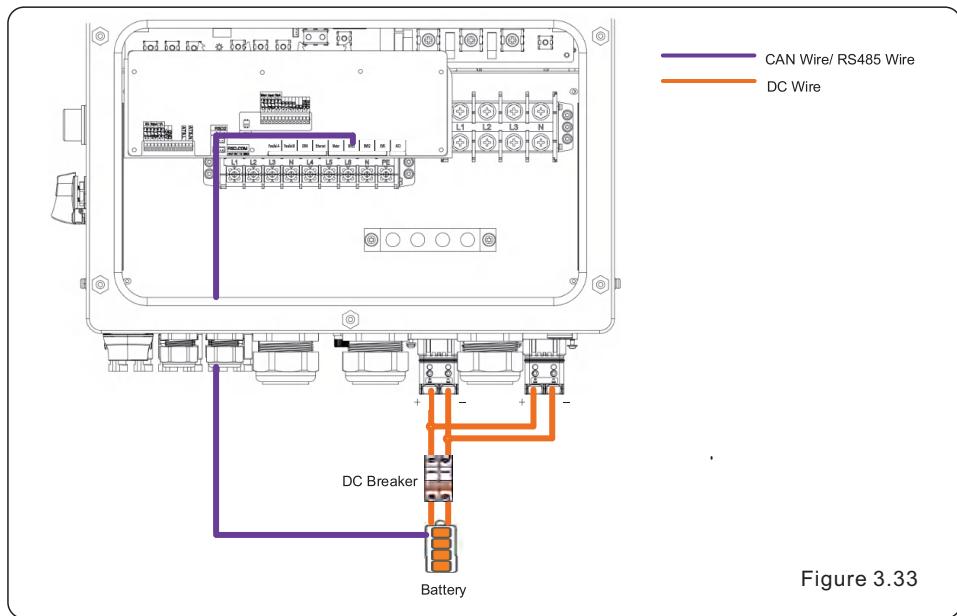


Figure 3.32



**NOTE:**

For this battery wiring mode, the communication wire must be connected to the BMS 1 port of inverter.

### 3. Installation

### 3.14 Smart Meter measurement connection method for system

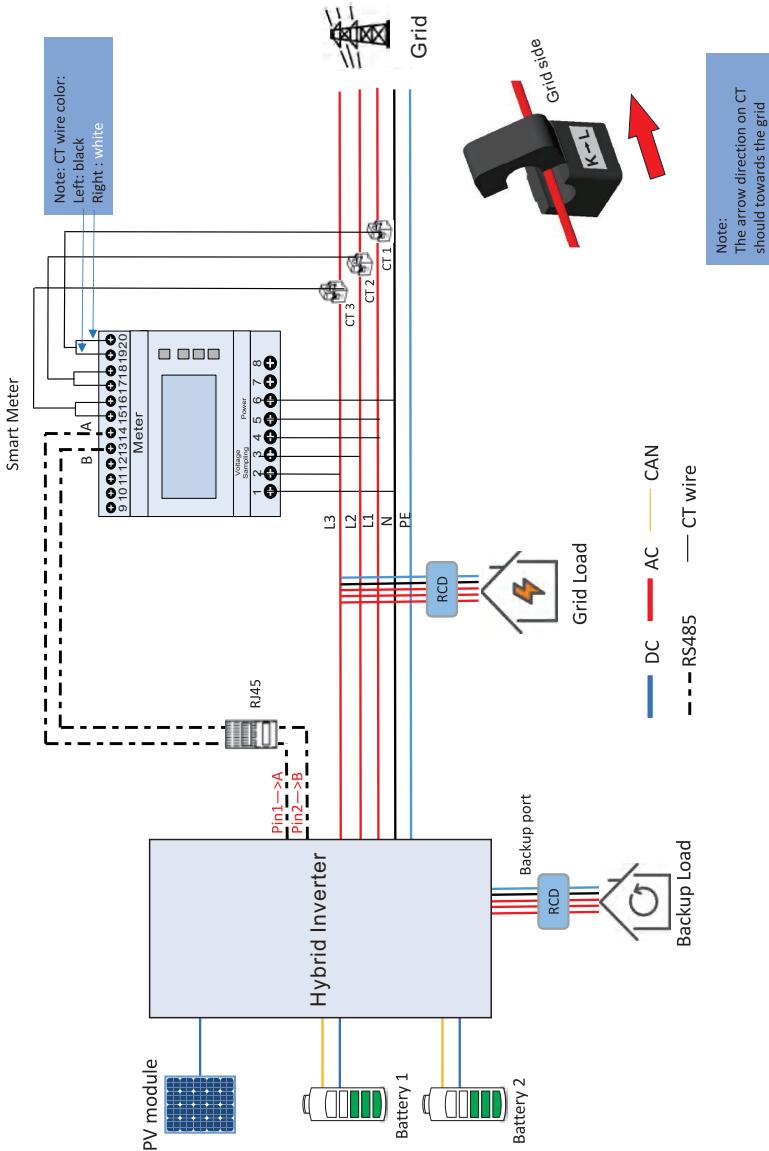


Figure 3.34

#### 3.15 Inverter Remote Monitoring Connection

The inverter can be remotely monitored via WiFi, LAN or 4G.

The USB type COM port at the bottom of the inverter can connect to different kinds of Solis data loggers to realize the remote monitoring on Soliscloud platform.

To install Solis data loggers, please refer to corresponding user manuals of Solis data loggers.

The Solis data loggers are optional and can be purchased separately.

Dust cover is provided the inverter package in case the port is not used.



**WARNING:**

The USB type COM port is only allowed to connect Solis data loggers.  
It is forbidden to be used for other purposes.

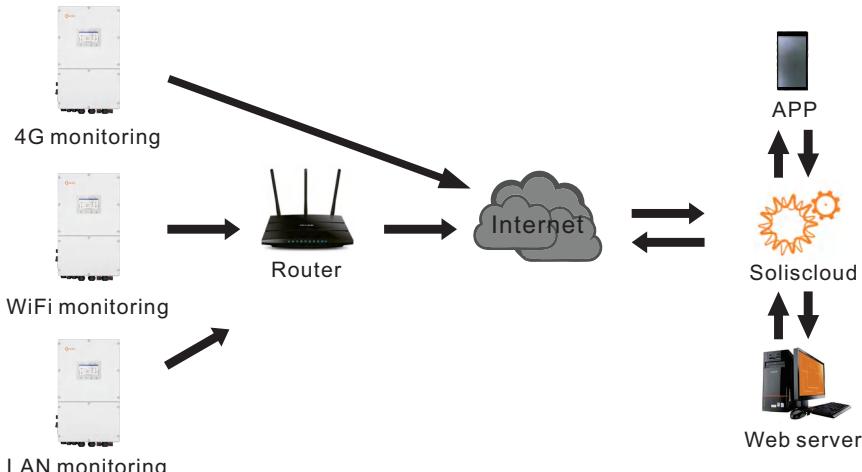
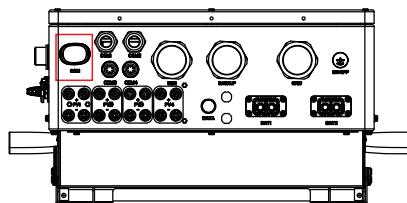
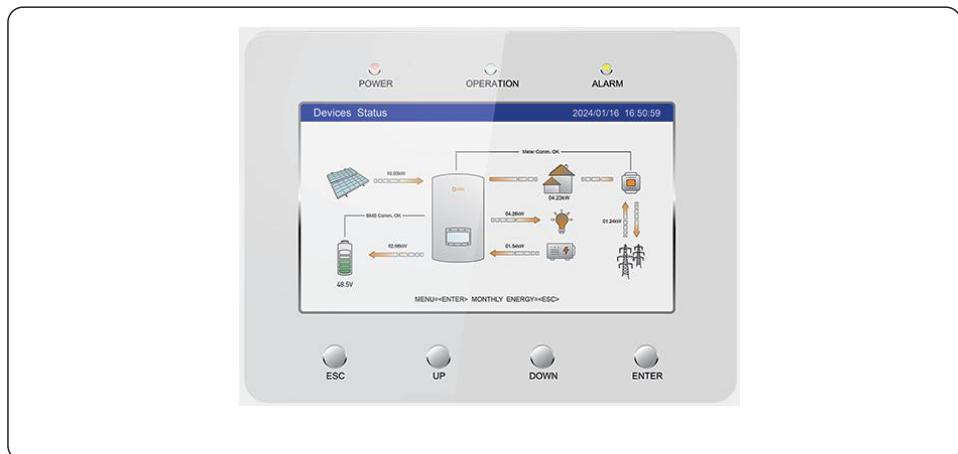


Figure 3.35 Wireless communication function

## 4.1 HMI Screen

There are 3 indicators and 4 operation button on the Solis S6 Series Inverter.



Description of indicators:

Indicators	Status	Description
POWER	Red light solid on	Normally powering
	OFF	Not working
OPERATION	Green light solid on	Normally powering
	OFF	No operation
ALARM	Yellow light solid on	Alarm
	OFF	Normal

Description of buttons:

Button	Description
ESC	“Escape”, allows the user to exit, or cancel the operation.
UP	Upwards key, allows the user to increase the value or move forward to the next option.
DOWN	Downwards key, allows the user to decrease the value or move backward to the previous option.
ENTER	Running or executing command .



### NOTE:

The screen will be automatically turn off after being idle for a few minutes to save power, click any operation button (“ESC”/“UP”/“DOWN”/ “ENTER”) to restart the screen, then press “Enter” into the main operation interface.

### 4.2 Inverter built-in Bluetooth description

Bluetooth: BDR、EDR、BLE

frequency band(s) in which the radio equipment operates: 2.402-2.480GHZ

Maximum transmitting power: 8dBm

Hereby, Ginlong Technologies Co.,Ltd. declares that the radio equipment type hybrid inverter is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU

## 5.1 Pre-Commissioning

- Make sure that no high voltage conductors are energized.
- Check all conduit and cable connection points ensure they are tight.
- Verify that all system components have adequate space for ventilation.
- Follow each cable to ensure that they are all terminated in the proper places.
- Ensure that all warning signs and labels are affixed on the system equipment.
- Verify that the inverter is secured to the wall and is not loose or wobbly.
- Prepare a multimeter that can do both AC and DC amps.
- Have an Android or Apple mobile phone with Bluetooth capability.
- Install the Soliscloud APP on the mobile phone and register a new account.
- There are three ways to download and install the latest APP.
  1. You can visit [www.soliscloud.com](http://www.soliscloud.com).
  2. You can search "Soliscloud" in Google Play or APP Store.
  3. You can scan this QR code to download Soliscloud.



## 5.2 Power ON

Step 1: With the DC switch off, energize the PV strings and then measure DC voltage of the PV strings to verify that the voltage and polarity are correct. Turn on the battery and check the battery voltage and polarity as well.



Step 2: Turn on the OCPD for the system and then measure the AC voltages line to line and line to neutral. The backup side of the system will be off until commissioning is complete. Turn the OCPD back off for now.

Step 3: Turn the DC switch on and then the OCPD(AC breaker) for the system.

This inverter can be powered on by PV only, battery only and Grid only.

When the inverter is powered on, the five indicators will be lighted at once.

## 5.3 Power OFF

Step 1: Turn off the AC breaker or AC disconnect switch to disable AC power to the inverter.

Step 2: Turn off the DC switch of the inverter.

Step 3: Turn off the battery breaker.

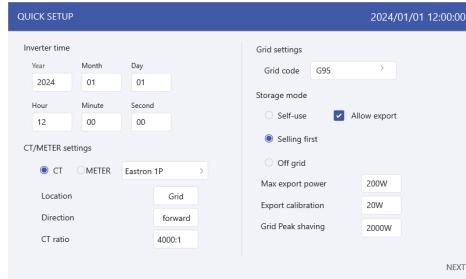
Step 4: Use a multimeter to verify that the battery and AC voltages are 0V.

## 5.4 HMI Screen Setting

### 5.4.1 HMI Quick Setting

If this is the first time the inverter has been commissioned, you will need to first go through the Quick Settings. Once this has been done, these settings can be changed later.

**Inverter Time -> Meter Setting -> Grid Code -> Storage mode -> Battery Model**



#### 1. Inverter time:

Set inverter time and date, default follow the phone.

#### 2. CT/Meter setting:

Select the CT or Meter, Solis provide Eastron 3 phase meter, it is self-identifiable.

Set installation location: Grid side / Load side / Grid+PV inverter;

CT direction: When CT installed correctly, select "Forward"; when CT installed direction wrong, the sampling current of CT will be reversed when calculating the power, select "Reversal" to correct it.

Set CT ratio: default 60 (Solis provide ESCT-T50-300A/5A CT), if the user install their own CT, then need to set the CT ratio manually. If the system connected to Meter, then CT ratio need to be set on Meter.

#### 3. Grid code:

Select grid code that meet the local regulations.

#### 4. Storage mode:

ALL modes first priority is to use the available PV power to support loads. The different modes determine what the second priority, or use of the excess PV power, will be.

Self-use / Selling first / Off-grid are exclusive, the user could select only one mode.

Mode	Description
Self-use	<p>PV power flow priority sequence: loads &gt; battery &gt; grid.  In this mode, the system stores excess PV power into the battery after the loads are supplied.</p> <p>If "Allow export" turned on, when the battery is charged full, or there is no battery, the excess PV power will be exported(sold)back to the grid.</p> <p>If the system is set to not export any power, then the inverter will curtail the PV power (derate the inverter output power).</p>
Selling first	<p>PV power flow priority sequence: loads &gt; grid &gt; battery.  In this mode, the system exports any excess PV power after the loads are supplied. If the export power quota has been met, then the remaining PV power will be stored in the battery.</p> <p>Notice: This mode should not be used if export power set to zero.</p>
Off grid	<p>PV power flow priority sequence: loads &gt; battery.  This mode only used when the system are not electrically connected to the grid at all. This mode is like Self-Use Mode, but the PV power will be curtailed if the PV power output is &gt; battery power + load power</p>

Table 1 Description of modes

Under each mode, user could set other functions based on their requirements.

Settings	Description
Max export power	<p>Default: 1.1 times of rated power.  Notice: if feed-in is not allowed, set Max export power to 0.</p>
Export calibration	<p>Range : -500w-500w, default 20w, settable.  To compensate the deviation of CT/Meter in practical application.</p>
Grid peak shaving	<p>Default enable, default 2 times of rated power.  Limit the power drawn from the grid to prevent from exceeding regulatory requirements or the power line capacity.  It works only when the "battery reserve" turned on.</p>

Table 2 Description of mode settings

## **5. Battery setting:**

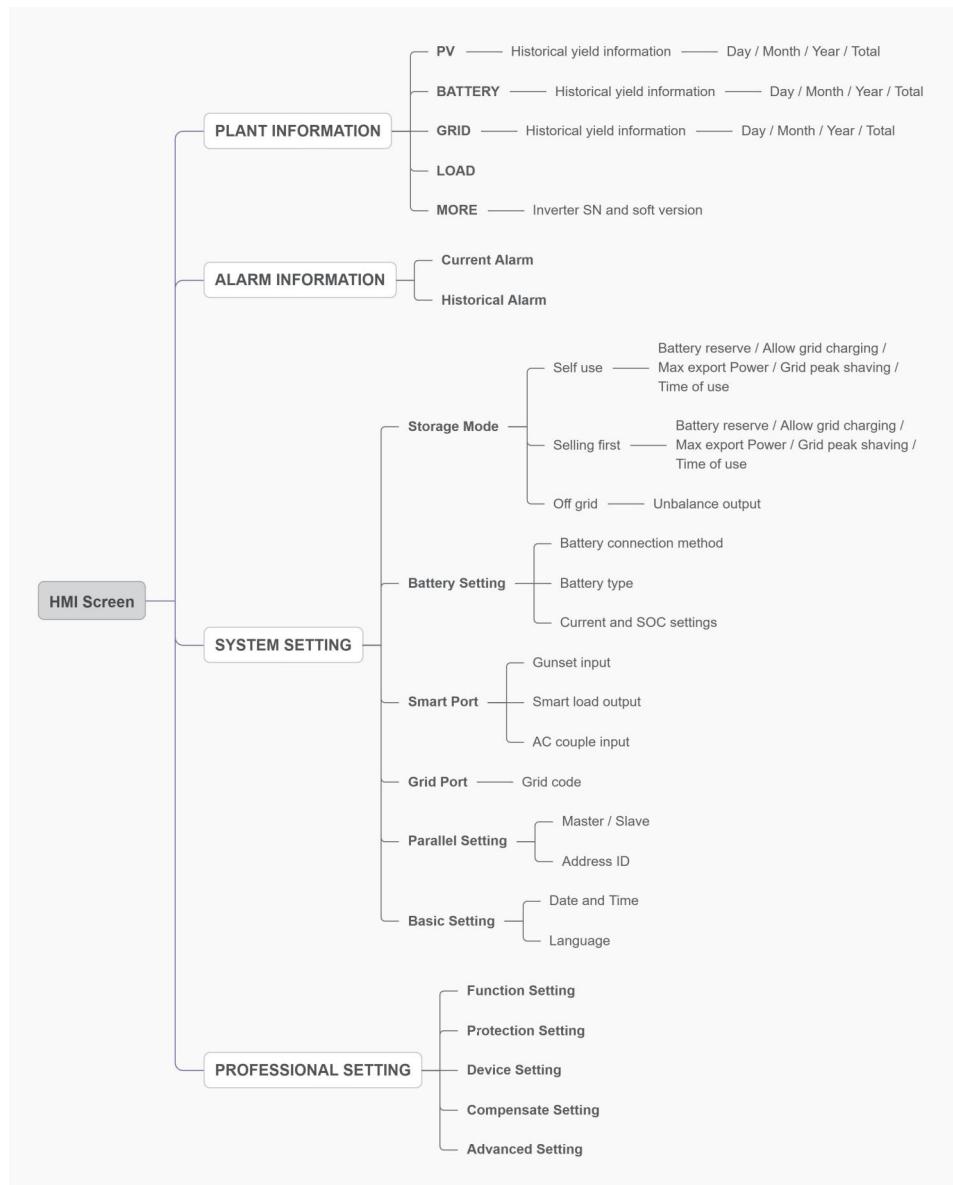
Select Battery connection method: 1 Batt 1 DC / 1 Batt 2 DC / 2 Batt 1 DC; the connection method please refer to 3.13 Lithium battery wiring.

Select battery brand (if the connected battery is not on the list, please select "General\_LiBat\_HV").

Set Max charging/discharging current.

If there are two batteries and share the same settings, please tick the box of "Batt2 Settings follow Batt 1".

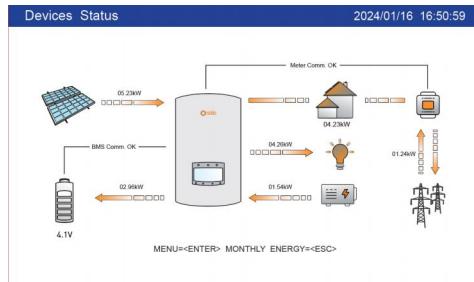
## 5.4.2 HMI screen operation system overview



## 5.4.3 Detailed HMI Setting

### Step 1: Enter Home page

After quick setting, press “ENTER”, the screen displays the home page.



The screen will be automatically turn off after being idle for a few minutes to save power, click any operation button (“ESC”/“UP”/“DOWN”/ “ENTER”) to restart the screen, then press “Enter” into the main operation interface.

### Step 2: Enter “SYSTEM SETTING” interface

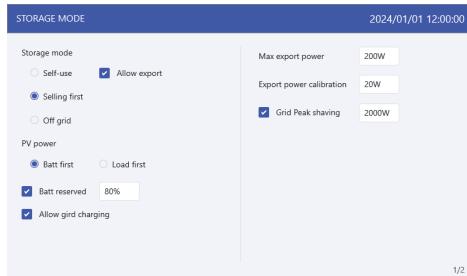
Press“Down” button, then press “ENTER” into the “SYSTEM SETTING” interface.



### Step 3: Set “Storage Mode”

Use “UP” or “DOWN” key to select the desired mode, then press “ENTER”.

The Mode description please refer to 5.4.1.



Settings	Description
Battery reserve	Range: 5~95%, default: 80%, settable. When battery SOC < set battery reserve SOC, battery will stop discharging.
Allow grid charging	Allow grid charging the battery when it enables. Notice: if “Allow Grid Charging” is turned on, the inverter will use grid power to charge the battery only under two circumstances: The battery drains to the Force Charge SOC. When PV power output can't meet the set current value during the charge periods.
Max export power	Default: 1.1 times of rated power. Notice: if feed-in is not allowed, set Max export power to 0.
Export calibration	Range : -500w-500w, default 20w, settable. To compensate the deviation of CT/Meter in practical application.
Grid peak shaving	Default enable, default 2 times of rated power. Limit the power drawn from the grid to prevent from exceeding regulatory requirements or the power line capacity. It works only when the “battery reserve” turned on.

Table 3 Description of storage mode settings

## Step 4: Set “Time of use” under each mode (Skip this step if no need)

Time of Use is for manual control of the battery charging/discharging. It is for customizing when the battery is allowed to charge and discharge power and at what rate, established by a current(amperage)setting.

1. Charge period: battery charges with set current value until the charging cut-off voltage (settable), checking the box to control whether enable this charging period.
2. Discharge period: battery discharges with set current value until the discharging cut-off voltage (settable), checking the box to control whether enable this discharging period.

STORAGE MODE				2024/01/01 12:00:00							
Charge period		Discharge period		Start	Stop	Current	SOC	Start	Stop	Current	SOC
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00			100A		50%		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00	100A	50%
<input type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00			100A		50%		<input type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00	100A	50%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00			100A		50%		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00	100A	50%
<input type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00			100A		50%		<input type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00	100A	50%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00			100A		50%		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00	100A	50%
<input type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00			100A		50%		<input type="checkbox"/>	01 : 00 - 05 : 00	100A	50%

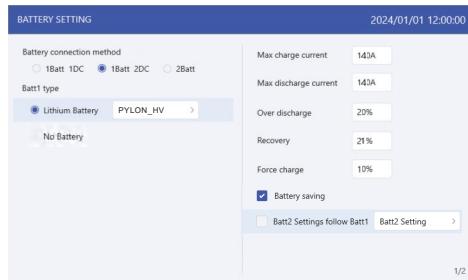
2/2



### NOTE:

The set current value is the maximum current for charging/discharging the battery. However, the actual charging and discharging current may not reach this value due to the influence of other factors, such as the maximum charging/discharging power limitation of the inverter, the battery BMS limitation, etc.

## Step 5: Set “Battery Setting”



Settings	Description
Max charge current	Max charge current, settable.
Max discharge current	Max discharge current, settable.
Over discharge	Range: 5~40%, default 20%, when battery SOC < over discharge, it will stop discharging.
Recovery	Range: set Over discharge value +1% ~ set Over discharge value +20%; The battery can discharge when the SOC/Voltage reaches the set value. Avoid repeated changes in the charging and discharging status of the battery.
Force charge	The battery will be charged to the over discharge SOC/Voltage when it reaches this setting.
Max charge SOC	The maximum SOC/Voltage that the battery can be charged to. Default 100%.

Table 4 Description of battery mode settings



**NOTICE:**

Force charge SOC < Over discharge SOC < Recovery SOC, otherwise the setting might be error.

## 5. Commissioning

## Step 6: Set “Grid Port”

(Skip this step if grid code is already set in quick setting)

Select grid code that meet the local regulations.

Three level of Over-voltage / under-voltage / Over-frequency / under-frequency are default based on grid code, there is no need to set the parameters in manual.

GRID PORT					2024/01/01 12:00:00				
Grid Code	G95				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grid Neutral Connection				
	255.5V		--	0.1s	HV1_T			HF1	50.0Hz
	260.0V		--	0.1s	HV2_T			HF2	51.0Hz
	265.0V							HF3	52.0Hz
	250.0V		--	0.1s	LV1_T			LF1	49.0Hz
	250.0V		--	0.1s	LV2_T			LF2	48.0Hz
	250.0V							LF3	47.0Hz

## Step 7: Set “Smart Port”

(Skip this step if the system is not connected to generators)

When it is connected to Generator, select "Gunset input":

When it is connected to smart load like heat pump, select "Smart load output"

When it is connected to Grid-tied inverter, select "AC coupled".

SMART PORT
2024/01/01 12:00:00

---

Genset input (Note: Need to connect genset signal)

Genset rated power 3000W  Genset connected to grid

Manual  Enable

Automatic OFF 90% ON 80%

Smart load output

OFF 50% ON 50%

On grid always on  Off grid always off

AC couple input

Max freq 60.5Hz

Genset

The user need to input the “Genset rated power” by manual.

OFF: Generator stops charging SOC, settable, range:35~100%;

ON: Generator start charging SOC; settable, range:1~95%;

AC coupled:

Max Freq: Grid-tied inverter stops charging frequency, settable,

If grid Level 1 over-frequency threshold <55Hz,

Range: Level 1 over-frequency threshold~ Level 1 over-frequency threshold+ 0.1Hz~54Hz;

If grid Level 1 over-frequency threshold <65Hz,

Range: Level 1 over-frequency threshold~ Level 1 over-frequency threshold+ 0.1Hz~65Hz;

## Step 8: Set parallel system

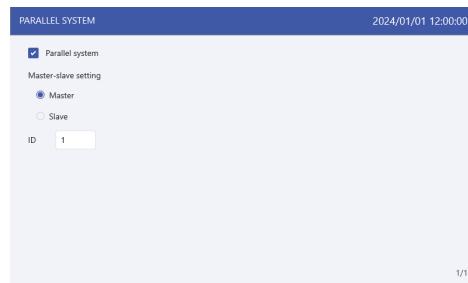
Set Master and Slave machine,

Set Master ID as: 1

Slave machine ID as: 2

.Slave machine ID as: 3

..... and so on.



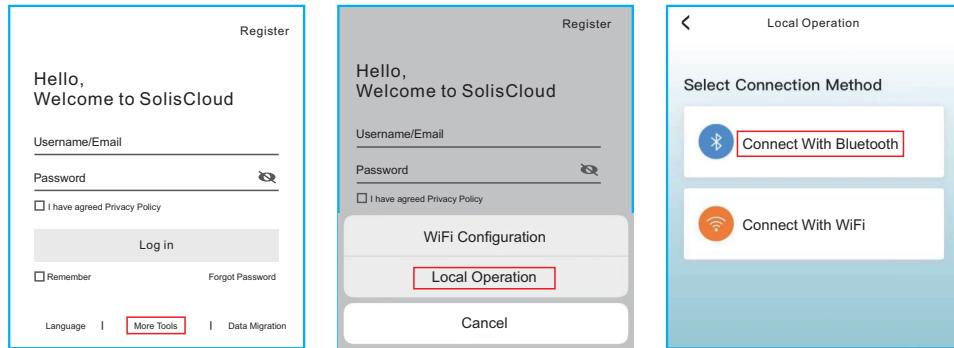
## 5.5 APP Setting

### 5.5.1 Log in the APP via Bluetooth

#### Step 1: Connect with Bluetooth.

Turn on Bluetooth switch on your mobile phone and then open the Soliscloud APP.

Click "More Tools" ->"Local Operation" ->"Connect with Bluetooth"

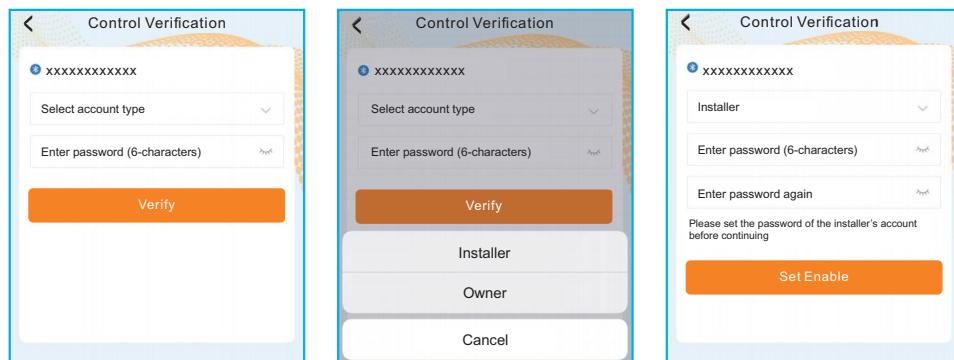


#### Step 2: Select the Bluetooth signal from the inverter. (Bluetooth Name: Inverter SN)



#### Step 3: Login account.

If you are the installer, please select the account type as Installer. If you are the plant owner, please select the account type as owner. Then set your own initial password for control verification. (The first log-in must be finished by installer in order to do the initial set up)



## 5.5.2 APP Quick Setting

If this is the first time the inverter has been commissioned, you will need to first go through the Quick Settings. Once this has been done, these settings can be changed later.

**Inverter Time -> Meter Setting -> Grid Code -> Storage mode -> Battery Model**

(1) Inverter time:

Set inverter time and date, tap the slider next to “Follow Phone Time”, then tap “Next step” at the bottom right corner.

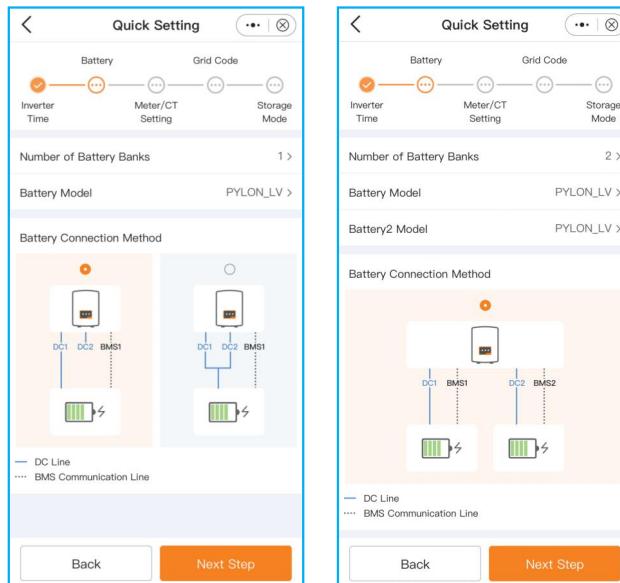


# 5. Commissioning

User Manual

## (2)Battery:

- Select number of battery banks : 1-2;
- Select battery model: if the connected battery brand is not on the list, please select "General\_LiBat\_HV"
- Select battery connection method.

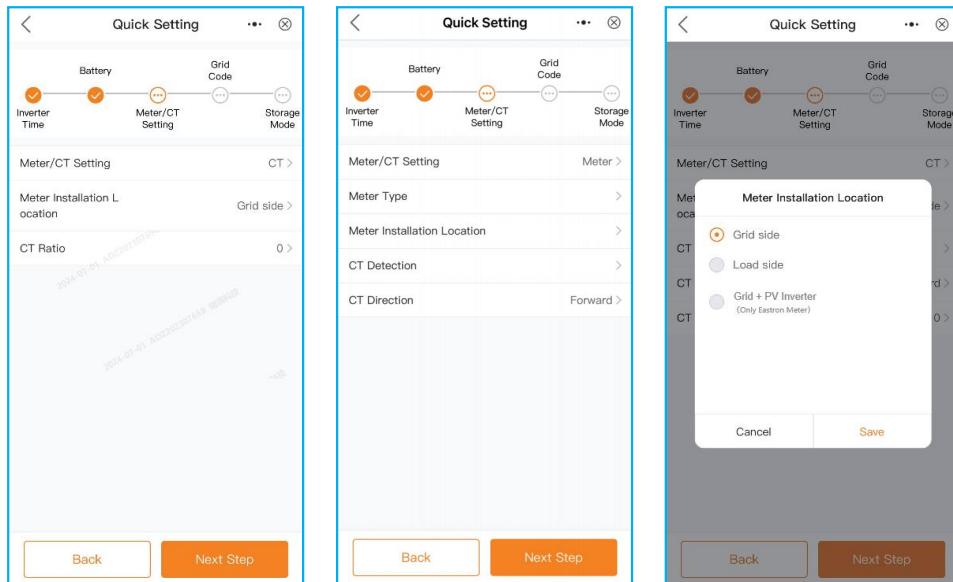


# 5. Commissioning

## User Manual

### (3) CT/Meter setting:

- Select CT or Meter;
- Set Meter type (Solis provide Eastron 3 phase meter, it is self-identifiable).
- Set Meter installation location: Grid side / Load side / Grid+PV inverter;
- Set CT ratio: default 60 (Solis provide ESCT-T50-300A/5A CT), if the user install their own CT, then need to set the CT ratio manually. If the system connected to Meter, then CT ratio need to be set on Meter.
- CT direction: When CT installed correctly, select “Forward”; when CT installed direction wrong, the sampling current of CT will be reversed when calculating the power, select “Reversal” to correct it.



# 5. Commissioning

## User Manual

### (4) Grid code:

Select grid code that meet the local regulations.

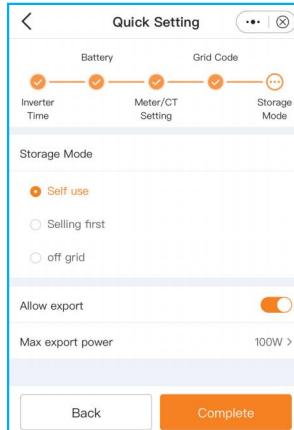
Three level of Over-voltage / under-voltage / Over-frequency / under-frequency are default based on grid code, there is no need to set the parameters in manual.

Grid Port			
Grid Code		EN50549NL >	
HV1	253.0V	--	1.20s
HV2	253.0V	--	1.20s
HV3	6553.5V	--	-0.01s
LV1	184.0V	--	1.20s
LV2	184.0V	--	1.20s
LV3	57.5V		
HF1	51.00Hz	--	1.20s
HF2	51.00Hz	--	1.20s
LF1	48.00Hz	--	1.20s
LF2	48.00Hz	--	1.20s
Startup-VH	253.0V >		
Startup-VL	195.5V >		
Recover-VH	253.0V >		
Recover-VL	195.5V >		

Select Country/Region	
General	ene
User-define	A
Other	B
A	C
Aruba	D
Australia	E
Austria	F
B	G
Barbados	H
Belgium	I
Brazil	J
C	K
Chile	L
China	M
Cyprus	N
Czech	O
D	P
	Q
	R
	S
	T
	U
	V
	W
	X
	Y
	Z

## (5)Storage mode:

ALL modes first priority is to use the available PV power to support loads. The different modes determine what the second priority, or use of the excess PV power, will be. Self-use / Selling first / Off-grid are exclusive, the user could select only one mode.

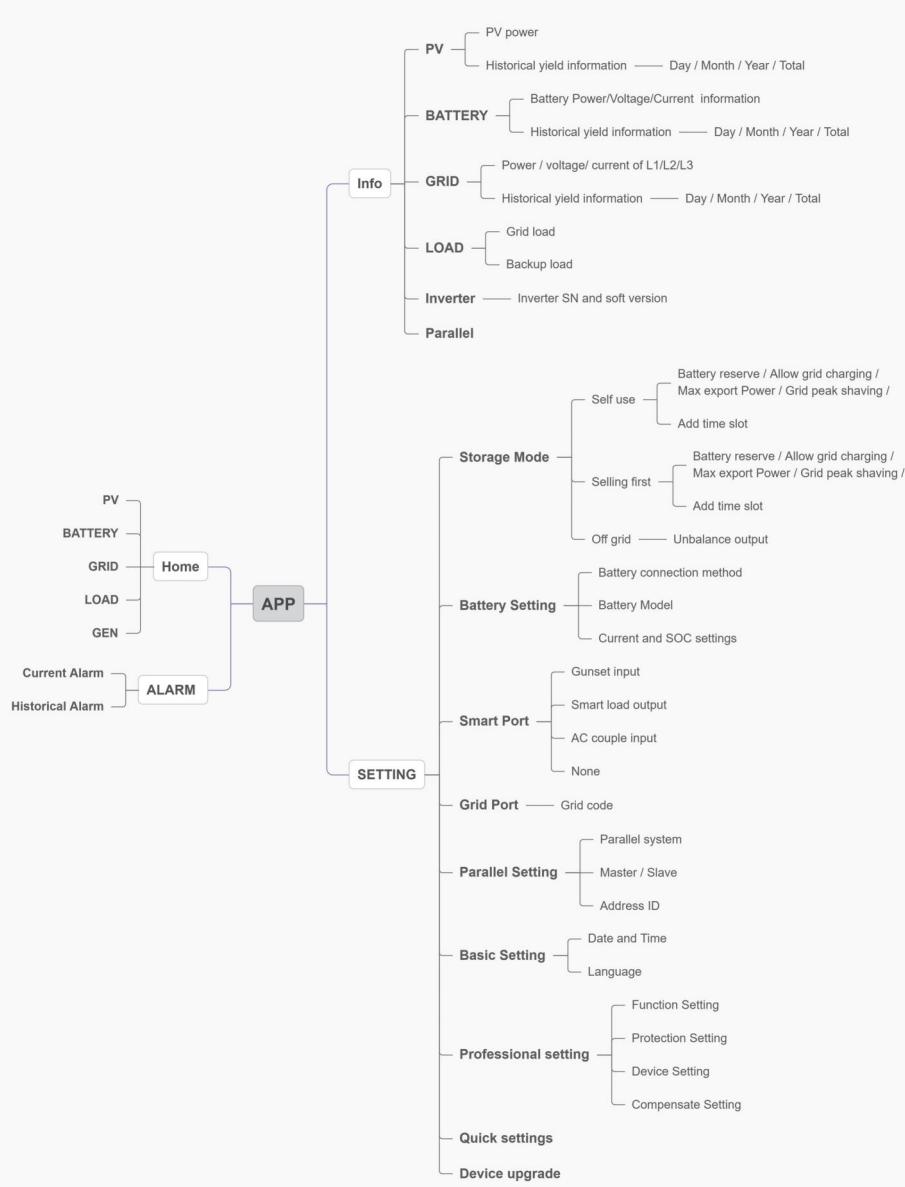


Settings	Description
Self-use	PV power flow priority sequence: loads > battery > grid. In this mode, the system stores excess PV power into the battery after the loads are supplied. If the battery is charged full, or there is no battery, the excess PV power will be exported(sold)back to the grid. If the system is set to not export any power, then the inverter will curtail the PV power (derate the inverter output power).
Selling first	PV power flow priority sequence: loads > grid > battery. In this mode, the system exports any excess PV power after the loads are supplied. If the export power quota has been met, then the remaining PV power will be stored in the battery. Notice: This mode should not be used if export power set to zero.
Off grid	PV power flow priority sequence: loads > battery. This mode only used when the system are not electrically connected to the grid at all. This mode is like Self-Use Mode, but the PV power will be curtailed if the PV power output is > battery power + load power.

Table 5 Description of Storage modes

Once quick setting finished, tap “Complete”, the APP enter the homepage.

## 5.5.3 APP interface structure



## 5.5.4 Home

This screen display energy production and consumption, as well as its flow. It shows the following data:

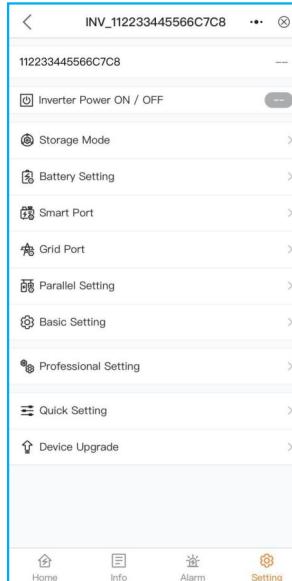
- Today yield of PV
- Today Imported/Exported of Grid
- Today Charged/Discharged of Battery
- Today Consumption of Grid-side load
- Today Consumption of Back-up load
- Today GEN yield.

At the bottom of page are four sub menus: Home, Info, Alarm and Settings.



## 5.5.5 Setting

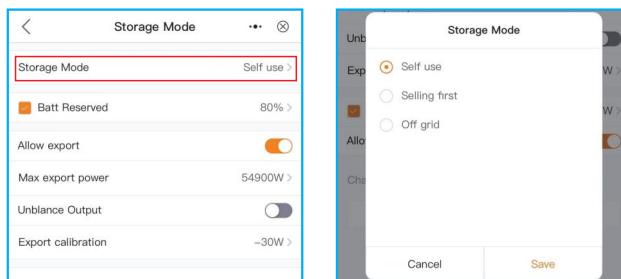
Under this page, the user could find quick setting and other detailed settings as follows:

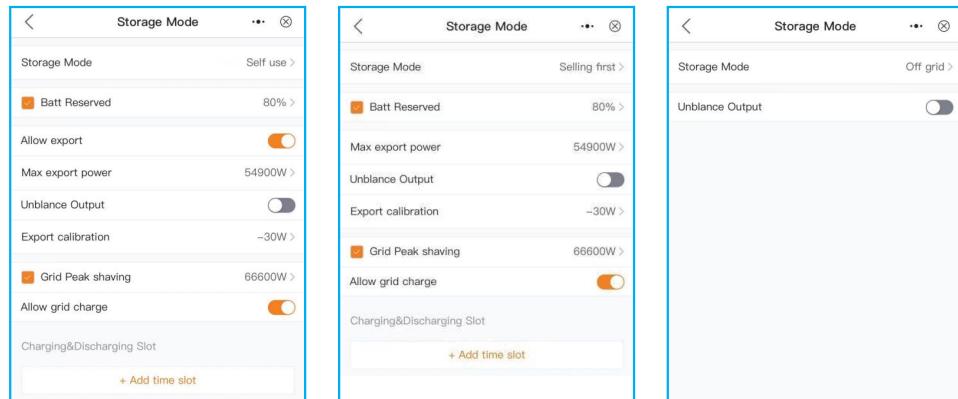


### 1. Storage mode

a. Select storage mode:

- Self-use / Selling first / Off-grid, these three modes are exclusive, the user could select only one mode. The modes definition could refer to 5.5.2“Quick setting”
- The Mode description please refer to 5.4.1.





Please notice:

“Allow export” can only be set in “Self use” mode;

“Add time slot” can only be set in grid-connected mode (Self use” mode and “ Selling first” mode).

b. Set mode operations:

Settings	Description
Battery reserved	Range: 5~95%, default:80%, settable. When battery SOC < set battery reserve SOC, battery will stop discharging.
Allow export	When it enables, the system is allowed to export power to grid.
Max export power	Default: 1.1 times of rated power. Notice: If feed-in is not allowed, set Max export power to 0.
Export calibration	Range : -500w-500w, default 20w, settable. To compensate the deviation of CT/Meter in practical application.
Allow grid charging	Allow grid charging the battery when it enables. Notice: If “Allow Grid Charging” is turned on, the inverter will use grid power to charge the battery only under two circumstances: •The battery drains to the Force Charge SOC. •When PV power output can’t meet the set current value during the charge periods.

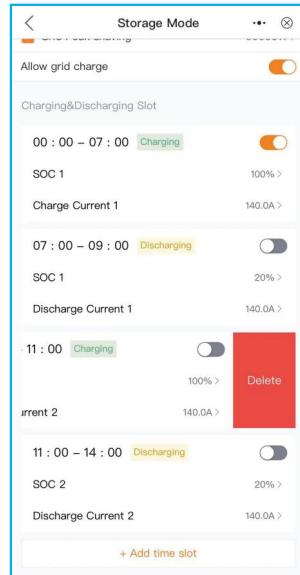
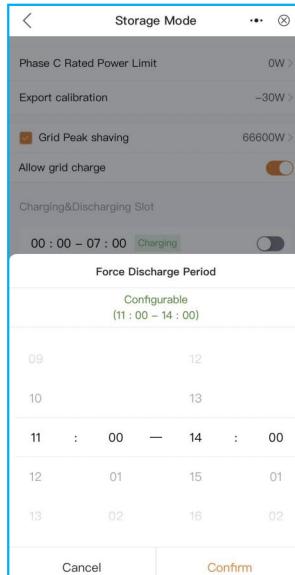
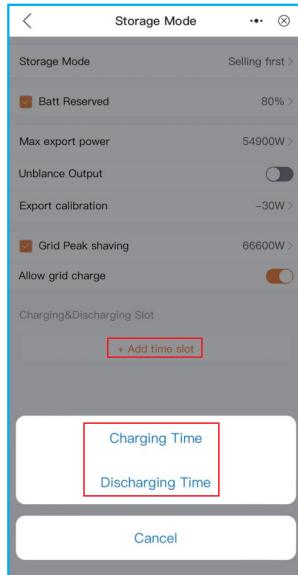
Table 6 Set mode operations



### NOTE:

Solis's export power control function is based on the sampling results from the smart meter or smart CT. Due to the sampling interval limitation, when the system's load consumption has sudden changes, small amount of export overshooting is expected. For strict zero injection applications, it is suggested to install external backflow trip device as additional protection for injection.

#### c. Add time slot:



Charge SOC: battery charging stops when reach the set SOC;

Discharge SOC: battery discharging stops when reach the set SOC.

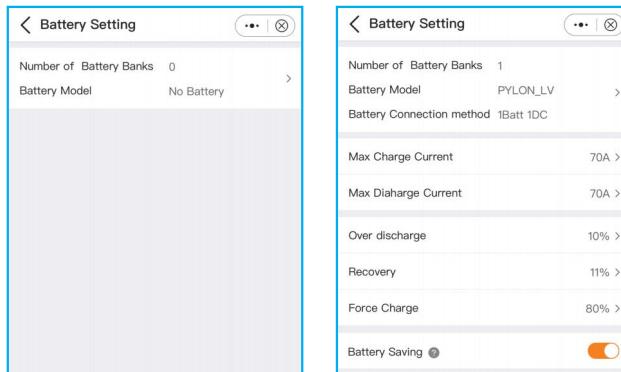


### NOTICE:

- Slide the switch to on, the battery charge/discharge with set charge/discharge current by following the set period
- Slide to the left of screen, the user could delete the current period setting.

## 2. Battery setting

- Set "Number of Battery Banks" and "Battery Model"
- Set "Battery Connection Method" : 1 Batt 1 DC / 1 Batt 2 DC / 2 Batt 1 DC;
- Set battery parameters



Settings	Description
Max charge current	Max charge current, settable.
Max discharge current	Max discharge current, settable.
Over discharge	Range : 5~40%, default 20%, when battery SOC < over discharge, it will stop discharging.
Recovery	Range : set Over discharge value +1% ~ set Over discharge value +20%; Battery won't stop charging until it reaches Recovery SOC value, reserve the return difference value to avoid the battery repeatedly cross jump between charging and discharging.
Force charge	Range : 4%~ set Over discharge value, when battery SOC < force charge SOC, the grid will charge the battery.

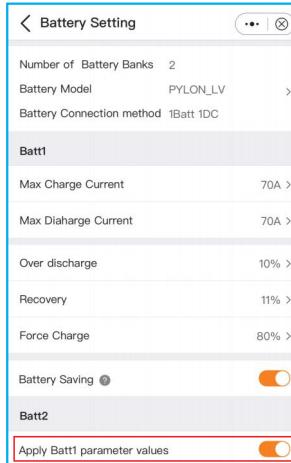
Table 7 Battery setting

**NOTICE:**



Force charge SOC < Over discharge SOC < Recovery SOC, otherwise the setting might be error.

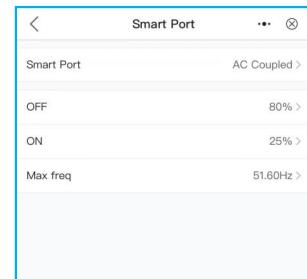
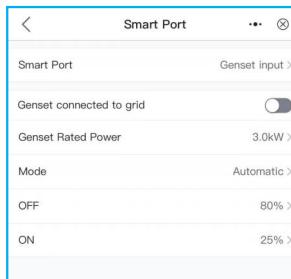
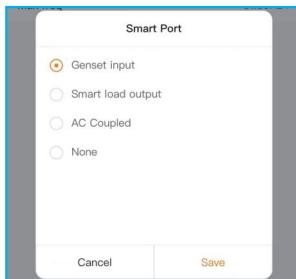
d. If two battery banks share the same setting, then turn the “Apply Batt1 parameter values” on. It will match the settings of battery bank 1 automatically.



### 3. Smart port

Select smart port type

- When it is connected to Generator, select “Genset input”;
- When it is connected to smart load like heat pump, select “Smart load output”
- When it is connected to Grid-tied inverter, select “AC coupled”



Genset Rated Power: manual input.

OFF: Generator stops charging SOC, settable, range:35~100%;

ON: Generator start charging SOC; settable, range:1~95%;

AC coupled:

OFF: Grid-tied inverter stops charging SOC, settable, range:35~100%;

ON: Grid-tied inverter start charging SOC; settable, range:1~95%;

## 4. Grid port

Please refer to “5.5.2 APP Quick setting”

## 5. Parallel setting

When there are  $\geq 2$  inverters in parallel, turn the slider on

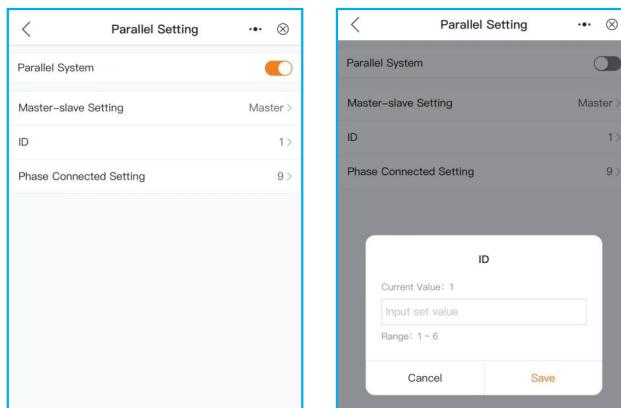
Set Master and Slave machine,

Set Master ID as: 1

Slave machine ID as: 2

Slave machine ID as: 3

..... and so on.



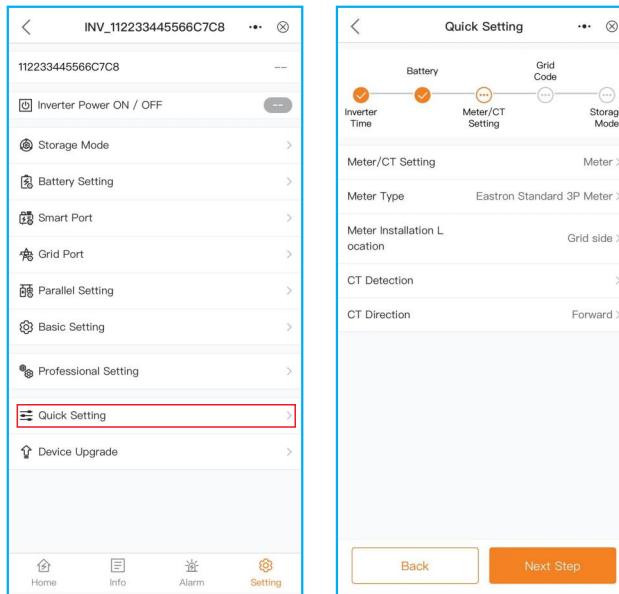
## 6. Basic setting

Set inverter time and date, tap the slider next to “Follow Phone Time”, then tap “Save”.

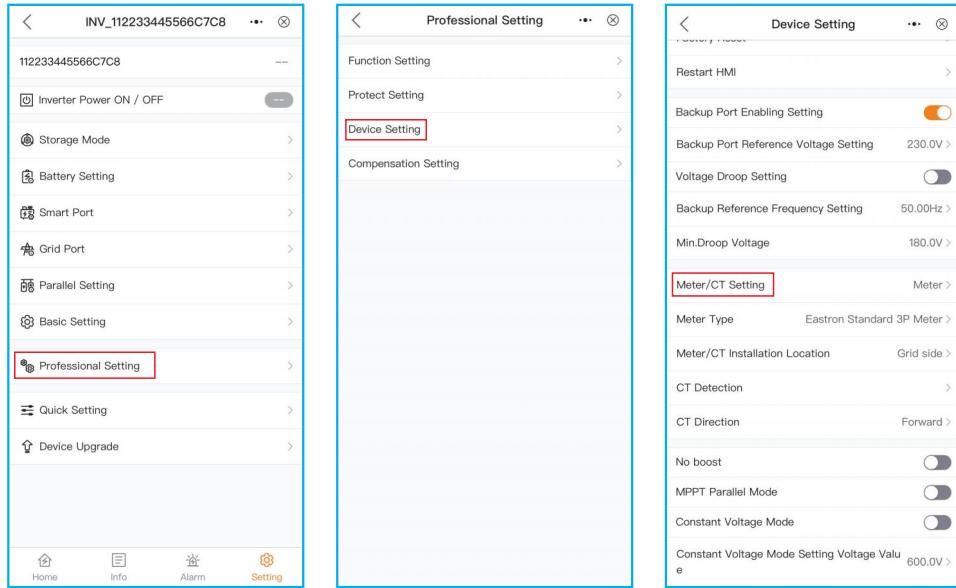
## 7. CT/Meter setting

There are two ways for CT/Meter setting, detailed setting please refer to “5.5.2 APP Quick setting”.

Method 1: Quick setting

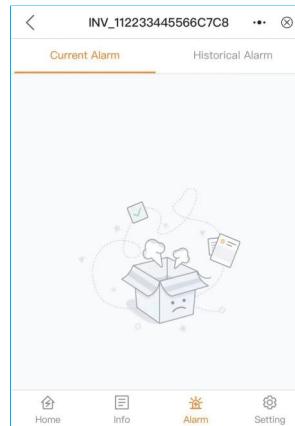


## Method 2: Setting --- Professional Setting -- Device Setting --Meter/CT Setting



## 5.5.6 Alarm

The alarm page can display the current alarm and the historical alarms.



## 5.5.7 Information

The user could Query information of PV / Battery / GRID / LOAD / INVERTER.

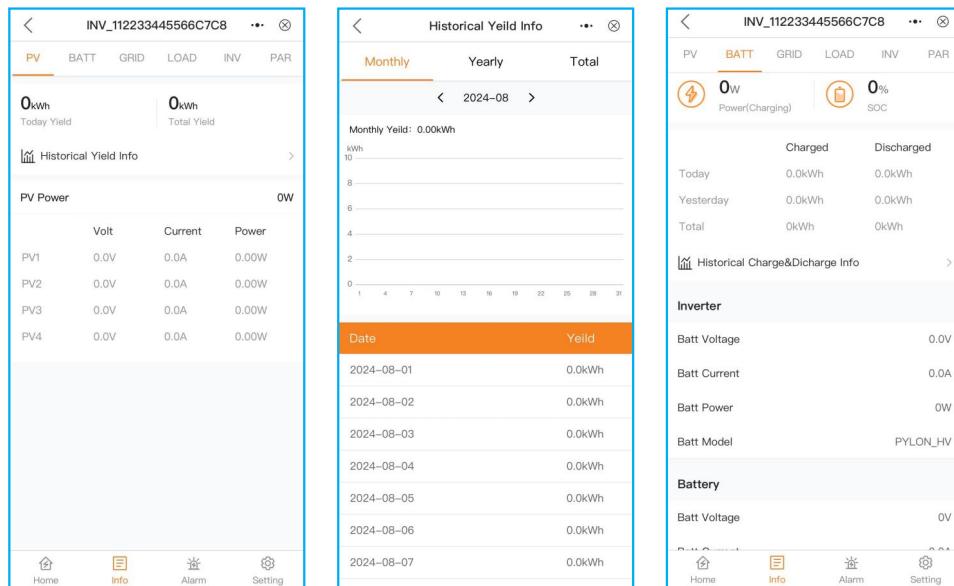
PV : it display each PV module Power/Voltage/Current, as well as historical yield information calculated by monthly / yearly / total, displayed with graphics;

BATT: it display battery Power/Voltage/Current/SOC/SOH/Max.charging current / Max.discharging current, as well as historical battery charging and discharging information calculated by monthly / yearly / total, displayed with graphics;

GRID: it display Active power / voltage/ current of L1/L2/L3, as well as historical exported/ imported information calculated by monthly / yearly / total, displayed with graphics;

LOAD: it displays power/voltage of grid load, power/voltage/current of backup load;

INV: it displays inverter SN/model number, and software version.



# 5. Commissioning

User Manual

The image displays three screenshots of the Solis APP interface, likely from a mobile device. The first screenshot shows the 'Inverter' page with sections for 'Today Exported' (0kWh), 'Total Exported' (0kWh), 'Today Imported' (0kWh), and 'Total Imported' (0kWh). It also includes a 'Historical Exported&Imported Info' button and an 'Inverter' section with power, voltage, and current data for L1, L2, and L3 phases. The second screenshot shows the 'Grid Load' page with sections for 'Today Grid Load' (0kWh), 'Total Grid Load' (0kWh), 'Today Backup Load' (0kWh), and 'Total Backup Load' (0kWh). The third screenshot shows the 'Inverter' settings page with detailed information about the inverter, including SN (112233445566C7C8), Model (5305), Rated Power (50kW), and various software versions. It also shows the inverter time (2024-08-01 16:02:09) and a 'Genset' section with power and frequency data.

## 5.5.8 How to enable AFCI function

If you want to enable AFCI function for your inverter, just using the Solis APP and follow the below procedure: Professional Setting —> Protect Setting —> AFCI Protect

The image shows the navigation path to enable the AFCI function. The first screenshot shows the 'Inverter Control' page with various settings like Inverter Power ON/OFF, Storage Mode, and Professional Setting. The 'Professional Setting' option is highlighted with a red box. The second screenshot shows the 'Professional Setting' page with sections for Grid Code Advanced Setting, Function Setting, and Protect Setting. The 'Protect Setting' option is highlighted with a red box. The third screenshot shows the 'Protect Setting' page with various protection parameters like ILeakLim, PV-G-Fault Func, and AFCI Protect. The 'AFCI Protect' option is highlighted with a red box and has a checked toggle switch.

Solis S6 Series inverter does not require any regular maintenance. However, cleaning the heatsink will help the inverter dissipate heat and increase the lifetime of inverter. The dirt on the inverter can be cleaned with a soft brush.



**CAUTION:**

Do not touch the surface when the inverter is operating. Some parts may be hot and could cause burns. Turn OFF the inverter and let it cool down before you do any maintenance or cleaning of inverter.

The Screen and the LED status indicator lights can be cleaned with cloth if they are too dirty to be read.



**NOTE:**

Never use any solvents, abrasives, or corrosive materials to clean the inverter.

## 6.1 Smart O&M

In order to improve our products and provide you with higher quality services, this device has a built-in data logging module for collecting relevant information during operation (such as power generation data, fault data)

**Commitment:**

1. We will only collect, use and process your device information for the purpose of improving our products and services.
2. We will take all reasonable and feasible measures to ensure that no irrelevant information is collected and we will protect your device information.
3. We will not share, transfer or disclose the collected device information with any company, organization or individual.
4. When we stop operating products or services, we will stop collecting your device information in a timely manner.
5. If you do not want to provide such information, you can notify our company to turn off this function, which will not affect your normal use of other functions of the product.

Message Name	Information Description	Troubleshooting Suggestion
Off	Control device to shutdown	1. Turn on the device in the ON/OFF Setting.
LmtByEPM	The device's output is under controlled	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm whether the inverter is connected to an external EPM/meter to prevent reverse current.</li> <li>2. Confirm whether the inverter is controlled by an external third-party device.</li> <li>3. Confirm whether the power setting of the inverter power control is limited.</li> <li>4. Verify settings in section 6.6.7 and check your meter readings.</li> </ol>
LmtByDRM	DRM Function ON	1. No need to deal with it.
LmtByTemp	Over temperature power limited	1. No need to deal with it, the device is in normal operation.
LmtByFreq	Frequency power limited	
LmtByVg	The device is in the Volt-Watt mode	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Due to the requirements of local safety regulations, when the grid voltage is high, the Volt-watt working mode is triggered, which generally does not need to be dealt with.</li> <li>2. Inverter factory test errors causing this mode to open, if you need to close, you can close this mode in LCD, set the process: Main menu → Advanced Settings → Password 0010 → STD mode settings → Working Mode → Working mode: NULL → Save and exit.</li> </ol>
LmtByVar	The device is in the Volt-Var mode of operation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Due to the requirements of local safety regulations, when the grid voltage is high, the Volt-watt working mode is triggered, which generally does not need to be dealt with.</li> <li>2. Inverter factory test errors causing this mode to open, if you need to close, you can close this mode in LCD, set the process: Main menu → Advanced Settings → Password 0010 → STD mode settings → Working Mode → Working mode: NULL → Save and exit.</li> </ol>
LmtByUnFr	Under frequency limit	1. No need to deal with it.
Standby	Bypass run	
StandbySynoch	Off grid status to On grid status	
GridToLoad	Grid to load	

Message Name	Information Description	Troubleshooting Suggestion
Surge Alarm	On-site grid surge	1. Grid side fault, restart the device. If it is still not eliminated, please contact the manufacturer's customer service.
OV-G-V01	Grid voltage exceeds the upper voltage range	
UN-G-V01	Grid voltage exceeds the lower voltage range	
OV-G-F01	Grid frequency exceeds the upper frequency range	
UN-G-F01	Grid frequency exceeds the lower frequency range	1. Confirm whether the power grid is abnormal. 2. Confirm that the AC cable is properly connected. 3. Restart the system and check if the fault persists.
G-PHASE	Unbalanced grid voltage	
G-F-GLU	Grid voltage frequency fluctuation	
NO-Grid	No grid	
OV-G-V02	Grid transient overvoltage	
OV-G-V03	Grid transient overvoltage	1. Restart the system, confirm if that the fault continues.
IGFOL-F	Grid current tracking failure	
OV-G-V05	Grid voltage RMS instantaneous overvoltage fault	
OV-G-V04	Grid voltage exceeds the upper voltage range	1. Confirm whether the power grid is abnormal. 2. Confirm that the AC cable is properly connected. 3. Restart the system and check if the fault persists.
UN-G-V02	Grid voltage exceeds the lower voltage range	
OV-G-F02	Grid frequency exceeds the upper frequency range	
UN-G-F02	Grid frequency exceeds the lower frequency range	
NO-Battery	Battery is not connected	1. Check on information page 1 – Verify the battery voltage is within standards. 2. Measure battery voltage at plug.
OV-Vbackup	Inverting overvoltage	1. Check whether the backup port wiring is normal 2. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.
Over-Load	Load overload fault	1. Backup load power is too large, or some inductive load startup power is too large, need to remove some backup load, or remove the inductive load on the backup.

Message Name	Information Description	Troubleshooting Suggestion
BatName-FAIL	Wrong battery brand selection	1. Confirm whether the battery model selection is consistent with the actual one.
CAN Fail	CAN Fail	1. CAN failure is a failure of communication between inverter and battery. Check cable conditions. Check to ensure you have it plugged in on the CAN port of the battery and inverter. Check that you are using the right cable. Some batteries require a special battery from the battery manufacturer.
OV-Vbatt	Battery undervoltage detected	1. Verify battery voltage is within standards. Measure battery voltage at inverter connection point. Contact your battery manufacturer for further service.
UN-Vbatt	Battery overvoltage detected	1. Restart the system and check if the fault persists. If it is still not eliminated, please contact the manufacturer's customer service.
Fan Alarm	Fan alarm	1. Check if the internal fan is working correctly or jammed.
OV-DC01 (1020 DATA:0001)	DC 1 input overvoltage	1. Check if the PV voltage is abnormal
OV-DC02 (1020 DATA:0002)	DC 2 input overvoltage	2. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues
OV-BUS (1021 DATA:0000)	DC bus overvoltage	1. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.
UN-BUS01 (1023 DATA:0001)	DC bus undervoltage	
UNB-BUS (1022 DATA:0000)	DC bus unbalanced voltage	
UN-BUS02 (1023 DATA:0002)	Abnormal detection of DC bus voltage	
DC-INTF. (1027 DATA:0000)	DC hardware overcurrent (1, 2, 3, 4)	1. Check if the DC wires are connected correctly without loose connection.
OV-G-I (1018 DATA:0000)	A phase RMS value overcurrent	1. Confirm that the grid is abnormal. 2. Confirm that the AC cable connection is not abnormal. 3. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.
OV-DCA-I (1025 DATA:0000)	DC 1 average overcurrent	1. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.
OV-DCB-I (1026 DATA:0000)	DC 2 average overcurrent	
GRID-INTF. (1030 DATA:0000)	AC hardware overcurrent (abc phase)	

Message Name	Information Description	Troubleshooting Suggestion
DCInj-FAULT (1037 DATA:0000)	The current DC component exceeds the limit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm that the grid is abnormal.</li> <li>2. Confirm that the AC cable connection is not abnormal.</li> <li>3. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.</li> </ol>
IGBT-OV-I (1048 DATA:0000)	IGBT overcurrent	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.</li> </ol>
OV-TEM (1032 DATA:0000)	Module over temperature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the surrounding environment of the inverter has poor heat dissipation.</li> <li>2. Confirm whether the product installation meets the requirements.</li> </ol>
RelayChk-FAIL (1035 DATA:0000)	Relay failure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.</li> </ol>
UN-TEM (103A DATA:0000)	Low temperature protection	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the working environment temperature of the inverter.</li> <li>2. Restart the system to confirm if the fault continues.</li> </ol>
PV ISO-PRO01 (1033 DATA:0001)	PV negative ground fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the PV strings have insulation problems.</li> <li>2. Check whether the PV cable is damaged.</li> </ol>
PV ISO-PRO02 (1033 DATA:0002)	PV positive ground fault	
12Power-FAULT (1038 DATA:0000)	12V undervoltage failure	
ILeak-PRO01 (1034 DATA:0001)	Leakage current failure 01 (30mA)	
ILeak-PRO02 (1034 DATA:0002)	Leakage current failure 02 (60mA)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check current leakage to ground. Verify your grounding. Verify all wires are in good condition and not leaking current to ground.</li> </ol>
ILeak-PRO03 (1034 DATA:0003)	Leakage current failure 03 (150mA)	
ILeak-PRO04 (1034 DATA:0004)	Leakage current failure 04	
ILeak_Check (1039 DATA:0000)	Leakage current sensor failure	
GRID-INTF02 (1046 DATA:0000)	Power grid disturbance 02	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm whether the grid is seriously distorted.</li> <li>2. Check whether the AC cable is connected reliably.</li> </ol>
OV-Vbatt-H/ OV-BUS-H (1051 DATA:0000)	Battery overvoltage hardware failure / VBUS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if the battery circuit breaker is tripping.</li> <li>2. Check if the battery is damaged.</li> </ol>

Message Name	Information Description	Troubleshooting Suggestion
OV-ILLC (1052 DATA:0000)	LLC hardware overcurrent	1. Check whether the backup load is overloaded. 2. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.
INI-FAULT (1031 DATA:0000)	AD zero drift overlink	
DSP-B-FAULT (1036 DATA:0000)	The master-slave DSP communication is abnormal	1. Restart the system, confirm that the fault continues.
AFCI-Check (1040 DATA:0000)	AFCI self-test failure	
ARC- FAULT (1041 DATA:0000)	AFCI failure	1. Verify connections are tight within your PV system. Arc fault settings can be changed in advanced settings if further adjustment is necessary.

Table 7.1 Fault message and description

**NOTE:**



If the inverter displays any alarm message as listed in Table 7.1; please turn off the inverter and wait for 5 minutes before restarting it.  
If the failure persists, please contact your local distributor or the service center.

Please keep ready with you the following information before contacting us.

1. Serial number of Solis Singles Phase Inverter;
2. The distributor/dealer of Solis Singles Phase Inverter (if available);
3. Installation date.
4. The description of the problem together with necessary information, pictures, attachment.
5. The PV array configuration (e.g. number of panels, capacity of panels, number of strings, etc.);
6. Your contact details.

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P29.9K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P30K-H(21A)
<b>Input DC (PV side)</b>		
Max Usable PV Input Power	59.8kW	60kW
Recommended Max PV array size	59.8kW	60kW
Max. input voltage	1000V	
Rated voltage	600V	
Start-up voltage	180V	
MPPT voltage range	150-850V	
Max. input current	3*42A	
Max. short circuit current	3*60A	
MPPT number/Max input strings number	3/6	
Max Current Per DC Input	42A	
<b>Battery</b>		
Battery Type	Li-ion	
Battery Voltage range	150 - 800V	
Maximum charge / discharge power of each port	32.1kW	33kW
Max. charge / discharge current	80A*2	
No. of Battery Input	2	
Communication	CAN/RS485	
<b>Output AC(Back-up)</b>		
Rated output power	29.9kW	30kW
Max. apparent output power	1.6 times of rated power, 2 seconds 1.5 times of rated power, 10 seconds	
Back-up switch time	<10ms	
Rated output voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated frequency	50 Hz/60 Hz	
THDv(@linear load)	<2%	
<b>Input AC (Grid side)</b>		
Max. AC passthrough current	90.8A/86.4A	91.2A/86.6A

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P29.9K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P30K-H(21A)
<b>Input AC (Generator)</b>		
Max. input power	29.9kW	30kW
Rated input current	45.4A/43.2A	45.6A/43.3A
Rated input voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated input frequency	50Hz/60Hz	
<b>Output AC(Grid side)</b>		
Rated output power	29.9kW	30kW
Max. apparent output power	29.9kVA	30kVA
Rated grid voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated grid frequency	50Hz/60Hz	
Rated grid output current	45.4A/43.2A	45.6A/43.3A
Power Factor	>0.99 (0.8 leading - 0.8 lagging)	
THDi	<3%	
<b>Efficiency</b>		
Max. efficiency	97.7%	
EU efficiency	97.3%	
Battery charged efficiency	98.5%	
Battery discharged efficiency	97.5%	
<b>Protection</b>		
Surge protection	DC Type II / AC Type II	
Output over current protection	Yes	
Insulation resistance monitoring	Yes	
Residual current detection	Yes	
Integrated PV switch	Yes	
DC reverse-polarity protection	Yes	
Protection class / Over voltage category	I / PV II, battery II, AC III	
Integrated AFCI 2.0	Optional	

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P29.9K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P30K-H(21A)
<b>General data</b>		
Dimensions(W/H/D)	530*880*290mm	
Weight	76kg	
Topology	Transformerless	
Operation temperature range	-25°C ~ +60°C	
Relative humidity	0-100%	
Ingress protection	IP66	
Cooling concept	Intelligent redundant fan-cooling	
Max.operation altitude	4000m	
Grid connection standard	G99, VDE-AR-N 4105 / VDE V 0124, EN 50549-1/ EN 50549-10, VDE 0126 / UTE C 15/VFR:2019, NTS 631/RD 1699/RD 244 / UNE 206006 / UNE 206007-1, CEI 0-21, C10/11, NRS 097-2-1, TOR, EIFS 2018.2, IEC 62116, IEC 61727, IEC 60068, IEC 61683, EN 50530, MEA, PEA, PORTARIA N° 140, DE 21 DE MARÇO DE 2022	
Safty/EMC standard	IEC/EN 62109-1/-2, IEC/EN 61000-6-2/-4, EN 55011	
<b>Features</b>		
PV connection	MC4 Quick connection plug	
Battery connection	Terminal connector	
AC connection	Terminal Block	
Display	7.0" LCD display & Bluetooth + APP	
Communication	CAN, RS485-115200, optional: Wi-Fi, cellular, LAN	
Warranty	5 years (Extendable to 20 years)	

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data		S6-EH3P37.5K-H(21A)
<b>Input DC (PV side)</b>		
Max Usable PV Input Power		75kW
Recommended Max PV array size		75kW
Max. input voltage		1000V
Rated voltage		600V
Start-up voltage		180V
MPPT voltage range		150-850V
Max. input current		4*42A
Max. short circuit current		4*60A
MPPT number/Max input strings number		4/8
Max Current Per DC Input		42A
<b>Battery</b>		
Battery Type		Li-ion
Battery Voltage range		150 - 800V
Maximum charge / discharge power of each port		35kW
Max. charge / discharge current		80A*2
No. of Battery Input		2
Communication		CAN/RS485
<b>Output AC(Back-up)</b>		
Rated output power		37.5kW
Max. apparent output power		1.6 times of rated power, 2 seconds 1.5 times of rated power, 10 seconds
Back-up switch time		<10ms
Rated output voltage		3/N/PE, 220V/380V
Rated frequency		60 Hz
THDv(@linear load)		<2%
<b>Input AC (Grid side)</b>		
Max. AC passthrough current		114.0A

## 8. Specifications

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Technical Data	S6-EH3P37.5K-H(21A)
<b>Input AC (Generator)</b>	
Max. input power	37.5kW
Rated input current	57.0A
Rated input voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V
Rated input frequency	60Hz
<b>Output AC(Grid side)</b>	
Rated output power	37.5kW
Max. apparent output power	37.5kVA
Rated grid voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V
Rated grid frequency	60Hz
Rated grid output current	57.0A
Power Factor	>0.99 (0.8 leading - 0.8 lagging)
THDi	<3%
<b>Efficiency</b>	
Max. efficiency	97.7%
EU efficiency	97.4%
Battery charged efficiency	98.5%
Battery discharged efficiency	97.5%
<b>Protection</b>	
Surge protection	DC Type II / AC Type II
Output over current protection	Yes
Insulation resistance monitoring	Yes
Residual current detection	Yes
Integrated PV switch	Yes
DC reverse-polarity protection	Yes
Protection class / Over voltage category	I / PV II, battery II, AC III
Integrated AFCI 2.0	Optional

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P37.5K-H(21A)
<b>General data</b>	
Dimensions(W/H/D)	530*880*290mm
Weight	76kg
Topology	Transformerless
Operation temperature range	-25°C ~ +60°C
Relative humidity	0-100%
Ingress protection	IP66
Cooling concept	Intelligent redundant fan-cooling
Max.operation altitude	4000m
Grid connection standard	PORTARIA N° 140/PORTARIA N° 515
Safty/EMC standard	IEC/EN 62109-1/-2, IEC/EN 61000-6-2/-4, EN 55011
<b>Features</b>	
PV connnection	MC4 Quick connection plug
Battery connection	Terminal connector
AC connection	Terminal Block
Display	7.0" LCD display & Bluetooth + APP
Communication	CAN, RS485-115200, optional: Wi-Fi, cellular, LAN
Warranty	5 years (Extendable to 20 years)

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P40K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P49K-H(21A)
<b>Input DC (PV side)</b>		
Max Usable PV Input Power	80kW	98kW
Recommended Max PV array size	80kW	98kW
Max. input voltage	1000V	
Rated voltage	600V	
Start-up voltage	180V	
MPPT voltage range	150-850V	
Max. input current	4*42A	
Max. short circuit current	4*60A	
MPPT number/Max input strings number	4/8	
Max Current Per DC Input	42A	
<b>Battery</b>		
Battery Type	Li-ion	
Battery Voltage range	150 - 800V	
Maximum charge / discharge power of each port	35kW	
Max. charge / discharge current	80A*2	
No. of Battery Input	2	
Communication	CAN/RS485	
<b>Output AC(Back-up)</b>		
Rated output power	40kW	49kW
Max. apparent output power	1.6 times of rated power, 2 seconds 1.5 times of rated power, 10 seconds	
Back-up switch time	<10ms	
Rated output voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated frequency	50 Hz/60 Hz	
THDv(@linear load)	<2%	
<b>Input AC (Grid side)</b>		
Max. AC passthrough current	121.6A/115.4A	149.0A/141.4A

## 8. Specifications

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Technical Data	S6-EH3P40K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P49K-H(21A)
<b>Input AC (Generator)</b>		
Max. input power	40kW	49kW
Rated input current	60.8A/57.7A	74.5A/70.7A
Rated input voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated input frequency	50Hz/60Hz	
<b>Output AC(Grid side)</b>		
Rated output power	40kW	49kW
Max. apparent output power	40kVA	49kVA
Rated grid voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated grid frequency	50Hz/60Hz	
Rated grid output current	60.8A/57.7A	74.5A/70.7A
Power Factor	>0.99 (0.8 leading - 0.8 lagging)	
THDi	<3%	
<b>Efficiency</b>		
Max. efficiency	97.7%	
EU efficiency	97.3%	
Battery charged efficiency	98.5%	
Battery discharged efficiency	97.5%	
<b>Protection</b>		
Surge protection	DC Type II / AC Type II	
Output over current protection	Yes	
Insulation resistance monitoring	Yes	
Residual current detection	Yes	
Integrated PV switch	Yes	
DC reverse-polarity protection	Yes	
Protection class / Over voltage category	I / PV II, battery II, AC III	
Integrated AFCI 2.0	Optional	

## 8. Specifications

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Technical Data	S6-EH3P40K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P49K-H(21A)
<b>General data</b>		
Dimensions(W/H/D)	530*880*290mm	
Weight	76kg	
Topology	Transformerless	
Operation temperature range	-25°C ~ +60°C	
Relative humidity	0-100%	
Ingress protection	IP66	
Cooling concept	Intelligent redundant fan-cooling	
Max.operation altitude	4000m	
Grid connection standard	G99, VDE-AR-N 4105 / VDE V 0124, EN 50549-1/ EN 50549-10, VDE 0126 / UTE C 15/VFR:2019, NTS 631/RD 1699/RD 244 / UNE 206006 / UNE 206007-1, CEI 0-21, C10/11, NRS 097-2-1, TOR, EIFS 2018.2, IEC 62116, IEC 61727, IEC 60068, IEC 61683, EN 50530, MEA, PEA, PORTARIA Nº 140, DE 21 DE MARÇO DE 2022	
Safty/EMC standard	IEC/EN 62109-1/-2, IEC/EN 61000-6-2/-4, EN 55011	
<b>Features</b>		
PV connection	MC4 Quick connection plug	
Battery connection	Terminal connector	
AC connection	Terminal Block	
Display	7.0" LCD display & Bluetooth + APP	
Communication	CAN, RS485-115200, optional: Wi-Fi, cellular, LAN	
Warranty	5 years (Extendable to 20 years)	

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P50K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P60K-H(21A)
<b>Input DC (PV side)</b>		
Max Usable PV Input Power	100kW	
Recommended Max PV array size	100kW	
Max. input voltage	1000V	
Rated voltage	600V	
Start-up voltage	180V	
MPPT voltage range	150-850V	
Max. input current	4*42A	
Max. short circuit current	4*60A	
MPPT number/Max input strings number	4/8	
Max Current Per DC Input	42A	
<b>Battery</b>		
Battery Type	Li-ion	
Battery Voltage range	150 - 800V	
Maximum charge / discharge power of each port	35kW	
Max. charge / discharge current	80A*2	84A*2
No. of Battery Input	2	
Communication	CAN/RS485	
<b>Output AC(Back-up)</b>		
Rated output power	50kW	60kW
Max. apparent output power	1.6 times of rated power, 2 seconds 1.5 times of rated power, 10 seconds	
Back-up switch time	< 10ms	
Rated output voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated frequency	50 Hz/60 Hz	
THDv(@linear load)	<2%	
<b>Input AC (Grid side)</b>		
Max. AC passthrough current	152.0A/144.4A	152.0A/152.0A

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Technical Data	S6-EH3P50K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P60K-H(21A)
<b>Input AC (Generator)</b>		
Max. input power	50kW	60kW
Rated input current	76.0A/72.2A	91.2A/86.6A
Rated input voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated input frequency	50Hz/60Hz	
<b>Output AC(Grid side)</b>		
Rated output power	50kW	60kW
Max. apparent output power	50kVA	60kVA
Rated grid voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380V 3/N/PE, 230V/400V	
Rated grid frequency	50Hz/60Hz	
Rated grid output current	76.0A/72.2A	91.2A/86.6A
Power Factor	>0.99 (0.8 leading - 0.8 lagging)	
THDi	<3%	
<b>Efficiency</b>		
Max. efficiency	97.7%	
EU efficiency	97.3%	
Battery charged efficiency	98.5%	
Battery discharged efficiency	97.5%	
<b>Protection</b>		
Surge protection	DC Type II / AC Type II	
Output over current protection	Yes	
Insulation resistance monitoring	Yes	
Residual current detection	Yes	
Integrated PV switch	Yes	
DC reverse-polarity protection	Yes	
Protection class / Over voltage category	I / PV II, battery II, AC III	
Integrated AFCI 2.0	Optional	

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P50K-H(21A)	S6-EH3P60K-H(21A)
<b>General data</b>		
Dimensions(W/H/D)	530*880*290mm	
Weight	76kg	
Topology	Transformerless	
Operation temperature range	-25°C ~ +60°C	
Relative humidity	0-100%	
Ingress protection	IP66	
Cooling concept	Intelligent redundant fan-cooling	
Max.operation altitude	4000m	
Grid connection standard	G99, VDE-AR-N 4105 / VDE V 0124, EN 50549-1/ EN 50549-10, VDE 0126 / UTE C 15/VFR:2019, NTS 631/RD 1699/RD 244 / UNE 206006 / UNE 206007-1, CEI 0-21, C10/11, NRS 097-2-1, TOR, EIFS 2018.2, IEC 62116, IEC 61727, IEC 60068, IEC 61683, EN 50530, MEA, PEA, PORTARIA Nº 140, DE 21 DE MARÇO DE 2022	
Safty/EMC standard	IEC/EN 62109-1/-2, IEC/EN 61000-6-2/-4, EN 55011	
<b>Features</b>		
PV connection	MC4 Quick connection plug	
Battery connection	Terminal connector	
AC connection	Terminal Block	
Display	7.0" LCD display & Bluetooth + APP	
Communication	CAN, RS485-115200, optional: Wi-Fi, cellular, LAN	
Warranty	5 years (Extendable to 20 years)	

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Technical Data	S6-EH3P30K-H-LV(21A)	S6-EH3P35K-H-LV(21A)
<b>Input DC (PV side)</b>		
Max Usable PV Input Power	60kW	70kW
Recommended Max PV array size	60kW	70kW
Max. input voltage	1000V	
Rated voltage	600V	
Start-up voltage	180V	
MPPT voltage range	150-850V	
Max. input current	3*42A	
Max. short circuit current	3*60A	
MPPT number/Max input strings number	3/6	
Max Current Per DC Input	42A	
<b>Battery</b>		
Battery Type	Li-ion	
Battery Voltage range	150 - 800V	
Maximum charge / discharge power of each port	33kW	35kW
Max. charge / discharge current	80A*2	
No. of Battery Input	2	
Communication	CAN/RS485	
<b>Output AC(Back-up)</b>		
Rated output power	30kW	35kW
Max. apparent output power	1.6 times of rated power, 2 seconds 1.5 times of rated power, 10 seconds	
Back-up switch time	<10ms	
Rated output voltage	3/(N)/PE, 127V/220V 3/(N)/PE, 133V/230V	
Rated frequency	50 Hz/60 Hz	
THDv(@linear load)	<2%	
<b>Input AC (Grid side)</b>		
Max. AC passthrough current	152.0A/152.0A	152.0A/152.0A

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Technical Data	S6-EH3P30K-H-LV(21A)		S6-EH3P35K-H-LV(21A)
<b>Input AC (Generator)</b>			
Max. input power	30kW	35kW	
Rated input current	78.7A/75.3A	91.8A/87.8A	
Rated input voltage	3/(N)/PE, 127V/220V 3/(N)/PE, 133V/230V		
Rated input frequency	50Hz/60Hz		
<b>Output AC(Grid side)</b>			
Rated output power	30kW	35kW	
Max. apparent output power	30kVA	35kVA	
Rated grid voltage	3/(N)/PE, 127V/220V 3/(N)/PE, 133V/230V		
Rated grid frequency	50Hz/60Hz		
Rated grid output current	78.7A/75.3A	91.8A/87.8A	
Power Factor	>0.99 (0.8 leading - 0.8 lagging)		
THDi	<3%		
<b>Efficiency</b>			
Max. efficiency	96.3%		
EU efficiency	95.5%		
Battery charged efficiency	97.4%		
Battery discharged efficiency	95.8%		
<b>Protection</b>			
Surge protection	DC Type II / AC Type II		
Output over current protection	Yes		
Insulation resistance monitoring	Yes		
Residual current detection	Yes		
Integrated PV switch	Yes		
DC reverse-polarity protection	Yes		
Protection class / Over voltage category	I / PV II, battery II, AC III		
Integrated AFCI 2.0	Optional		

## 8. Specifications

User Manual

Technical Data	S6-EH3P30K-H-LV(21A)	S6-EH3P35K-H-LV(21A)
<b>General data</b>		
Dimensions(W/H/D)	530*880*290mm	
Weight	76kg	
Topology	Transformerless	
Operation temperature range	-25°C ~ +60°C	
Relative humidity	0-100%	
Ingress protection	IP66	
Cooling concept	Intelligent redundant fan-cooling	
Max.operation altitude	4000m	
Grid connection standard	G99, VDE-AR-N 4105 / VDE V 0124, EN 50549-1/ EN 50549-10, VDE 0126 / UTE C 15/VFR:2019, NTS 631/RD 1699/RD 244 / UNE 206006 / UNE 206007-1, CEI 0-21, C10/11, NRS 097-2-1, TOR, EIFS 2018.2, IEC 62116, IEC 61727, IEC 60068, IEC 61683, EN 50530, MEA, PEA, PORTARIA N° 140, DE 21 DE MARÇO DE 2022	
Safty/EMC standard	IEC/EN 62109-1/-2, IEC/EN 61000-6-2/-4, EN 55011	
<b>Features</b>		
PV connection	MC4 Quick connection plug	
Battery connection	Terminal connector	
AC connection	Terminal Block	
Display	7.0" LCD display & Bluetooth + APP	
Communication	CAN, RS485-115200, optional: Wi-Fi, cellular, LAN	
Warranty	5 years (Extendable to 20 years)	

## Frequently Asked Questions

### **Q1: Why I have "CAN Fail" Alarm on the inverter?**

A: "CAN Fail" indicates the CAN communication between inverter and battery is lost. Please double check if your CAN cable is correctly connected and if your battery is power on.

### **Q2: Why I have "BATName-Fail" Alarm on the inverter ?**

A: Please check in the "Battery Setting->Battery Model" setting and confirm you selected the correct battery option as the nameplate of your battery module.

### **Q3:Why I have "MET-SLT-Fail" Alarm on the inverter?**

A: Please check in the "Meter Setting->Meter Type" setting and confirm you selected the correct meter option corresponding to your smart meter.

### **Q4:Why the power values on the screen are fluctuating very fast?**

A: If your loads are changing drastically, the inverter will adjust its power accordingly. If you confirm the loads are stable while the inverter power is changing very fast, please double check your meter CT's direction and make sure the arrow is towards grid.

### **Q5: Why I have "OV-ILLC" Alarm on the inverter ?**

A: OV-ILLC indicates there is an overcurrent issue on the internal LLC circuit. It could be transient status during extreme condition such as overload. If it happens constantly or too frequent and the extreme conditions have been excluded, please contact Solis service team.

### **Q6: Why I have "OV-BATT-H" Alarm on the inverter ?**

A: OV-BATT-H indicates over voltage issue on the hardware of battery circuit. It could be caused by high battery voltage at full SOC, battery suddenly switching off, etc. If it happens constantly or too frequent and the extreme conditions have been excluded, please contact Solis service team.

### **Q7: Why I have "No-Battery" Alarm on the inverter?**

A: Please double check if the battery power cables have been correctly connected and the battery breaker (on battery or external) has been turn on. If you don't want to connect the battery for now, please select the "No battery" option in "Battery Setting->Battery Model" to prevent the alarm to show up.

Ginlong Technologies Co., Ltd.

No. 57 Jintong Road, Binhai Industrial Park, Xiangshan, Ningbo,  
Zhejiang, 315712, P.R.China.

Tel: +86 (0)574 6578 1806

Email:[info@ginlong.com](mailto:info@ginlong.com)

Web: [www.solisinverters.com](http://www.solisinverters.com)

Please adhere to the actual products in case of any discrepancies in this user manual.  
If you encounter any problem on the inverter, please find out the inverter S/N  
and contact us, we will try to respond to your question ASAP.